### Iraq reports hitting 3 ships

that its jets had attacked three ships and Iran's Kharg Island oil terminal in the Gulf. A high command communique said the third "naval target" of the day, hit at 5.30 p.m. (1430 GMT) off Iran's coast, was "very large," Iraq's normal term for a supertanker. Baghdad earlier reported the raid on Kharg Island terminal and one ship docking there at one p.m. (1000 GMT). This followed close on raids on another naval target and earlier attacks on Baznan oilfields in southwest Iran. Gulf shipping sources could not immediately confirm the shipping attacks. The second ship was attacked while the planes were raiding Kharg's western jetty, the Iraqi News Agency (INA) said. The raiding planes spotted the vessel berthing near the target area of the terminal and attacked it, the statement said Kharg Island has been hit more than 150 times since August 1985 and the last Iraqi raid was on the eastern jetty on Sept. 18. Other Iraqi air action on Wednesday included the raids at 9.45 a.m. (0645 GMT) on two Baznan oil production units which the bulletin said were set ablaze.



### Kuwait using anti-missile reflectors

KUWAIT (R) - Kuwait has started installing anti-missile reflectors to protect its oil installations, target of three missile attacks last month, a government minister said on Wednesday. Defence Minister Sheikh Salem Al Sabah also told Al Watan newspaper in an interview that the emirate had found and detonated a floating mine in the Gulf this week. Kuwait says Iran fired three Chinese-made Silkworm missiles at its coast, hitting two tankers and a key offshore oil export terminal. Sheikh Saleat, outlines measures to deal with any forum attack solid Virginia had school outlining measures to deal with any future attack, said Kuwait had asked foreign experts for technical information on how to construct the reflectors. "We have begun to implement them and deploy them in important and sensitive areas," he said. Diplomats said the reflectors were mounted on barges in the Gulf north of oil installations to lure radar-guided Silkworms onto dummy targets. Sheikh Salem said there were no fully effective weapons against the Iranian Silkworms, which he said were of an advanced type. (See page 2).

Volume 12 Number 3621

AMMAN, THURSDAY-FRIDAY NOVEMBER 5-6, 1987, RABIA AL AWWAL 14-15, 1408

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

### Masri and Khatib visit summit centre

AMMAN (J.T.) — Foreign Minister Taher Al Masri, who has been appointed official spokes-man for the extraordinary Arab summit conference to open here on Sunday, and Information Minister Mohammad Khatib Wednesday visited Al Hussein Youth City and inspected the press centre set up to offer facilities to journalists covering the summit. The two ministers toured the centre's sections and looked into arrangements and facilities offered to the press. The centre was visited by His Majesty King Hussein on Tuesday.

### Arabs strike against Israeli discrimination

HAIFA (AP) - Municipal officials in Israel's 46 Arab towns and villages launched a two-day strike Wednesday to protest discrimination by the Israeli government. Nimr Morcoss, mayor of Kfar Yassif, said the Arab municipalities have a combined deficit of \$12.5 million (20 million shekels), and have not paid full salaries to municipal employees since September. Funds for Arab municipalities are provided by the Israeli interior ministry. Ministry officials would not comment on the strike, but Israeli officials have acknowledged that Arab municipalities receive proportionately fewer funds than Jewish towns and villages.

### **U.S.:** No comment on reports of Israel-Iran deals

WASHINGTON (USIA) -State Department spokesman Charles Redman declined comment on Tuesday when asked about reports published in the Middle East and Europe that say Israel has resumed selling arms to Iran. "At this point, I just don't have anything on that story," the spokesman said. When one reporter asked if the United States would oppose such sales, if indeed they took place, Redman replied: "You know what our position has been on sales of military equipment to Iran. Operation Staunch has been ongoing for some time now, and that has been a worldwide effort," he

### Gemayel receives Iraqi message

BEIRUT (R) — Lebanese President Amin Gemayel received a letter on Wednesday from Iraqi President Saddam Hussein, four days before the start of the Arab summit in Amman, officials said. Sabbar Al Hadithi, Iraqi charge d'affaires in Beirut, declined to comment on the contents of the

### Reagan to name new envoy to Iraq

WASHINGTON (R) — President Reagan intends to nominate April Glaspie to be U.S. ambassador to Iraq, replacing David Newton, the White House said on Wednesday. Mr. Glaspie, a career diplomat with extensive experience in the Middle East, currently heads the office of Jordan, Lebanon and Syrian affairs at the State Department.

### **INSIDE**

- Lebanese rush to stock food in anticipation of strike, page 2°
  • Prince Hassan encour-
- ages efforts of medical panels, page 3
- Towards a unitary democratic state in
- Palestine? page 4 Palestinians nurse grie-
- vances and flickering hopes of return, page 5
- Kasparov levels score with Karpov, page 6 • Dollar edges up, but
- stocks slump in nervous markets, page 7
- the hills around Sidon. "They speak about an agreement and on Tuesday night we could not sleep SAARC summit ends with anti-terrorism call, because of fighting," said one

# Iran and Iraq remain far apart on U.N. plan

U.S. pushes for measures to enforce 598

UNITED NATIONS (Agencies) — Responses by Iran and Iraq to Secretary General Javier Perez de Cuellar's latest peace effort showed the two sides still far apart and prospects for an early ceasefire were not encouraging, diplomats said on Wednesday.

The two nations, which have been at war for more than seven years, have agreed to send senior representatives to New York for further talks with the secretary

Iraqi Foreign Minister Tareq Aziz is expected here after the Arab summit meeting in Amman on Sunday, during which the Gulf war will be the main agenda item. Iran has yet to name its representative to the New York talks.

The United States has said that if Iran refused the Security Council's July 20 demand for a ceasefire, the council must impose an arms embargo against Tehran, but another Western member said this point had not been

The diplomat termed disappointing the Iranian and Iraqi responses to Mr. Perez de Cuellar's peace plan, which was given to them on Oct. 15 with a request

day declared a week of mobilisa-

tion to "confront American

aggression" in the Gulf as mil-

lions of Iranians chanted "death

to America" at a Tehran rally

marking the anniversary of the

1979 seizure of the U.S. embassy.

rally in the capital's Azadi

Square: "If the United States

doesn't want another Vietnam or

Lebanon, it should immediately

Mr. Rafsanjani, considered the

most powerful figure in Iran after

Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini,

declared: "The government, the

armed forces and the country's

potential should be mobilised so

that the United States will find

that it has made a big mistake...

and that this revolutionary nation

will not tolerate this provoca-

Amid a simmering confronta-

tion between Iran and the United

States in the Gulf, Mr. Rafsan-

jani accused President Ronald

Reagan of "dragging his allies

into perdition" by intervening in

SIDON, Lebanon (R) - Palesti-

nian officials said on Wednesday

they expected a new peace pact to

end Lebanon's "camps war" to

hold, even though residents re-

ported fresh skirmishes around

The accord aims to relieve the

suffering of beleaguered Palesti-

nian refugees at camps in Beirut

and the south after three years of

battles with fighters of the Shi'ite

Amal militia in which about 2,500

Officials of the Democratic

Front for the Liberation of Pales-

tine (DFLP) told reporters they

believed the deal announced on

Monday in Algiers would succeed

because it was guaranteed by

Algeria, trusted by both sides.

It is due to go into effect formally when a local mediator,

Mustapha Saad, returns from

Algiers, possibly on Friday, and

holds more talks with Amal and

Residents said sporadic

machinegune fire was heard from

Palestinian officials, they said.

people have been killed.

the southern city of Sidon.

Palestinians expect new

truce with Amal to hold

the strategic waterway.

withdraw its force from the Per-

sian Gulf."

Hashemi Rafsanjani told the

Iran declares 'week of

BAHRAIN (Agencies) - Iran's Iran's state-run television net-

parliament speaker on Wednes- work showed Tehran's tree-lined

A U.N. source said the secretary general was "not encouraged" after his meetings with Iranian Ambassador Said Rajaie Khorassani and Iraqi Ambassa-

dor Ismat Kittani on Monday. The United Nations has not published the replies but these now have been widely leaked (See

Diplomats said they showed little or no basic shift in the positions of either government since Mr. Perez de Cuellar had talks with them in their capitals in

After the Security Council mandated him to make a new effort, he proposed that Iran and Iraq agree to a ceasefire concurrently with the establishment of a commission to determine respon-sibility for the Gulf war, which each blames on the other.

The secretary general reported after his return from Tehran and for written replies within 15 days. Baghdad that Iran would agree to

Jombouri Islami avenue jammeo

ched fists above their heads.

with demonstrators shaking clen-

The march began outside the

former U.S. embassy in down-

town Tehran and ended in Azadi

Square in Tehran's west side.

Many of the marchers were wrap-

ped in white shrouds, indicating

their willingness to become "mar-

tyrs of the revolution" in fighting

Tehran Radio said several mil-

lion people turned out for the

demonstration in the capital.

shouting "Death to America,"

"The Persian Gulf: Reagan's bu-

rial ground," and "war, war till

Addressing the rally in Azadi Square, Mr. Rafsanjani declared

"a week of preparation for con-

fronting America in the Persian

Gulf starting tomorrow, and the

parliament, government, news

media, the armed forces and all

capabilities should be mobilised

in this week to let the American

leaders know that they have

He gave no details of the mobi-

The shooting continued on Wednesday, he said, "and every faction is accusing the other of

The pact between Amal chief

Nabih Berri and DFLP leader

Nayef Hawatmeh called for

food, medicine and building

materials to be sent into the

sprawling, shabby Palestinian

Amal has besieged the camps,

accusing Palestine Liberation

Organisation (PLO) chief Yasser

Arafat of using them to try to regain the military foothold he

lost in Lebanon with Israel's 1982

The Palestinians say two camps

The officials said the new pact

near Beirut, Shatila and Bourj Al

Barajneh, have been virtually des-

had the blessing of Syria through

the presence in Algiers of Mr.

Berri, its key Lebanese ally, and

of Mr. Arafat through the pre-sence of his aide, Khalil Al

The officials noted Mr. Hawat-

meh recently visited the Soviet

Union, implying that Moscow

was also encouraging an accord

Wazir.

troyed and need urgent help.

made a big mistake,"

lisation programme.

the Americans.

an undeclared cessation of hostilities if an inquiry were set up but that Iraq insisted on an unconditional, formal ceasefire.

In its latest response, Iraq said the first paragraph of the coun-cil's resolution demanding an immediate ceasefire was "pivotal" but that afterwards there could be discussions on implementing subsequent paragraphs.

These include provision for an inquiry into the origins of the

Iran said that naming Iraq as "the aggressor remains a first step towards a just and durable

A Western diplomat actively involved in the peace effort said the replies were tougher than many here had expected and that both sides had "dug themselves deeper into their respective tren-

In Washington, State Depart-ment spokesman Charles Redman said Tuesday the United States would push for a formal sanctions resolution against Iran following the ambiguous responses it and Iraq gave to the U.N.'s call.

"The responses are not as clear as we would like, but there is a process still under way," Redman

## Sharjah police probe suspicions that U.S. navy killed fisherman

DUBAI (Agencies) — Indian fishermen said on Wednesday an unidentified warship had machinegunned their boat in the dark and killed one of their mates on Sunday at the same time and place a U.S. frigate fired on a

suspected Iranian vessel. Police of Sharjah were investigating what could prove to be an embarrassing international inci-dent for the United States and its military effort to keep the Guf

safe for shipping. The Indian consul general in Dubai said he expected a report within two days that might help officially pin down what hap-

The victims of the attack were Indians manning high-speed fishing boats owned by a UAE national and operating in the southern Gulf, where the U.S. navy is on patrol as part of a major Western naval buildup brought on by the Iran-Iraq war.

Diplomats and shipping sources said suspicion centred on the United States because the survivors said they had been fired on by a warship off Abu Musa Island near the mouth of the Gulf on Sunday night.

That was the time and the place described in a U.S. military report saying the frigate Carr had fired warning shots at three suspected Iranian vessels approaching it at high speed and then opened machinegun fire at one that failed to turn away.

porters they could not identify the nationality of the warship because it was dark at the time. But the Carr was the only ship

The Indian fisherman told re-

to have reported a firing incident on Sunday evening.
In Washington, U.S. officials said it was possible the Carr

might have fired at the Arab boat

by mistake. "It was in the dark," one official said. "There was no way of telling one way or the other what it was. All we know is that it would not turn and run until we fired at it."

Iran seized on the incident on Tuesday, saying the U.S. claim to have chased off their vessels was

# Lebanese resistance says 30 **Israelis** killed in

clash BEIRUT (Agencies) — Lebanese resistance fighters said they killed 30 Israeli soldiers and wounded 20 in a clash in South Lebanon on Wednesday.

The Islamic Resistance, a fundamentalist group including the pro-Iranian Hizbollah (Party of God), said in a statement it also killed a member of the Israelibacked South Lebanon Army (SLA) militia while three of its own men were injured.

Israeli sources in Kiryat Shmona, just across the border, conceded only that one SLA man was killed and four were injured in the clash near the town of Bint Jbeil and three more SLA men were wounded by landmines.

The Israeli source also said a Soviet-designed Katyusha rocket was fired at northern Israel from Lebanon on Wednesday morning, causing no damage.

Bint Jbeil is just inside an Israeli-declared "security zone" along Lebanon's southern border. Security sources in the southern port of Tyre said two Irish soldiers also were slightly wounded

in the clash.

The United Nations Interim Force in Lebanon (UNIFIL) operates in much of South Lebanon outside the "security zone" and Irish troops man the sector nearest to Bint Jbeil.

The Islamic Resistance statement said the attack was launched to mark the birthday of the Prophet Mohammad, celebrated on Tuesday in much of the Muslim World.

"Islamic fighters... at dawn raided Israeli positions at Baraasheet village and annihilated all Israeli soldiers," the group

The village is located northeast of Bint Jbeil.

The statement said the fighters destroyed three Israeli armoured personnel carriers and seized seven machine guns. There was no way of corrobor-

ating its statement. The Israeli sources quoted the SLA as saying dozens of fighters managed to enter the area un-

noticed by the Irish U.N. troops manning three posts nearby. They said Hizbollah rebels

overran a position previously held by the SLA but the SLA regained it in fighting.

# Upper House gives unanimous approval to Al Wahdah accord

By Rana Sabbagh Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — The Upper House of Parliament (Senate) on Wednesday unanimously ratified the Sept. 3 accord signed between Jordan and Syria to build the Al Wabdah (Unity) dam across the Yarmonk River in the Magarin

The dam's water will be used for irrigation purposes and for generating hydro-electric power and water for domestic use in both countries.

The accord crowns 34 years of bilateral and international efforts to regulate the exploitation of the

has paid the third instalment of its financial commitment to Jordan

for 1987, in accordance with the

resolutions passed by the 1978 Arab summit in Baghdad, Minister of Finance Hanna Odeh

He said that the Finance Minis-

try has received \$119,047,630

from the Saudi Arabian govern-

ment as a result of the commit-

ment. This payment reflects Saudi

Arabia's commitment to help

Arab countries confronting Israel,

Israel maintains a general climate

of confrontation and repression

in occupied Arab lands, where

tension and violence have intensi-

fied under its "iron fist" policy, a

U.N. panel said on Wednesday.

The special committee to in-

vestigate Israeli practices said in a

report there was a noticeable

increase in arrests and detention

"Harsh sentences have been

passed, sometimes on minors, for

alleged security offences," it said.

Israelis sentenced for mistreat-

ment of Arab civilians have been

The report spoke of a persistent denial of the right to family

reunification and noted that even

seven-year olds had not been

immune from indiscriminate vio-

Referring to the policy of ex-

pulsion and deportation, the

committee cited the case of

treated with relative leniency.'

On the other hand, the few

orders against Palestinians.

Saudi Arabia is the only oil-rich

announced Wednesday.

the minister said.

Jordan receives third

instalment of Saudi aid

U.N. panel accuses

Israel of repression

UNITED NATIONS (R) — was deported.

AMMAN (J.T.) - Saudi Arabia Arab country that has been hon-

the Senate, the agreement was Syrian relations. lauded by eight senators as "a historical pact" and "a major achievement" by the government. The accord received the same warm welcome when it was endorsed by the Syrian People's Council last Thursday.

Previous efforts to construct the dam were hampered by political differences, sometimes bilateral, but mostly by the long-standing Israeli objection to Syrian-Jordanian plans to expand the use of the headwaters and tributaries of the river.

Originally labelled as Al Maqarin, the dam's name was changed into Al Wahdah, a sym-

ouring its commitments to Jordan

and other Arab countries since the

Under resolutions adopted at

the Baghdad summit, oil-produc-

ing Arab countries committed

themselves to provide a total of \$30 billion in 10 years to Jordan, Syria and the Palestine Liberation

Organisation (PLO) to help the

struggle against Israel. Other than Saudi Arabia, those who undertook the pledge included Kuwait, Qatar, the United Arab

Emirates, Algeria, Libya and

"Freedom of association and

freedom of the press were also

affected by various measures such

harassment of journalists and

newspapers and trade unions,"

In the education field, Israeli

policy produced events that led to

the deaths of some students while

others, along with their teachers,

were harassed, the report said.

logical mistreatment of detainees,

overcrowding in cells and in-

rious elements, the special com-

mittee reaches the conclusion

that the situation in the occupied

territories denotes a continuing

deterioration of human rights and

fundamental freedoms by the

civilian population," the report

adequate sanitation, it said.

There was physical and psycho-

"Taking into account these va-

the report said.

Baghdad summit.

During Wednesday's debate, in bol of the warmth in Jordanian-

Senators Ahmad Al Tarawneh, Khalil Al Salem, Hassan Al Kayyed, Abdul Rahman Khalifeh, Ali Hassan Odeh, Hazem Nuseibeh, Barjas Al Haddid and Haiel Surrour reiterated the Senate's stand on the dam as outlined in its Oct. 24 reply to His Majesty King Hussein's speech from the throne. In the reply, the Senate welcomed and approved the landmark accord saying that all Jordanian development projects "have been yearning for water resources and cheap electric power" that

could be generated from the dam. (Continued on page 3)

# Saudis retort to Qadhafi's allegations

RIYADH (Agencies) — Colonel Muammar Qadhafi's allegation that Saudi Arabia was in collusion with the United States and France against Libya drew angry reaction in Riyadh on Wednesday.

The information media prommently carried an official statement against the Libyan leader who claimed Monday that Saudi Arabia was footing the bill for U.S. and French weapons used against Libya.

The statement by the political commentator of the Saudi Press Agency (SPA), distributed late Tuesday, was widely seen as the government's reaction to Col.

Saudi Arabia "never bought a single weapon for use against any Arab country," the statement

as censorship of the press, in-terference in the work and It said Col. Qadhafi's claim was totally devoid of any foundatrade unionists, or closure of

Col. Qadhafi has said he would not attend the Nov. 8 Arab summit conference in Amman and would instead ask Arab leaders to meet elsewhere and discuss an Arab nuclear bomb, Libya's official JANA news agency said.

SPA accused Col. Oadhafi of reneging on a commitment to pay \$400 million to Syria, Jordan and the Palestine Liberation Orga-

nisation (PLO) to support the struggle against Israel.

It said Libya has over the last decade "on account of circumstances not known to us, failed to pay a single dollar of its commitments... while Saudi Arabia and other Gulf countries honoured their commitments" to Syria, Jor-

dan and the PLO.

## Akram Haniyeh, a journalist who Reagan reassures Europe over arms agreements

WASHINGTON (Agencies) — President Ronald Reagan on Wednesday reassured Europeans the United States would not sign any arms reduction treaty with the Soviet Union that would fail to take into account European security interests.

At the same time, Mr. Reagan reiterated that any agreement with the Soviets to eliminate intermediate-range nuclear forces (INF) from Europe could not be held hostage to demands for scrapping his strategic defence initiative (SDI), a space-based missile defence system commonly known as "Star Wars."

In a 35-minute televised speech on the Worldnet programme of the U.S. Information Agency, Mr. Reagan said: "I can assure you that any treaty I sign will be realistic and in the long-term interests of all the members of the alliance, or no agreement will be signed."

However, Mr. Reagan said he expected to sign an INF treaty he said. during the Dec. 7 summit in Washington with Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev.

Mr. Reagan said European fears that U.S. agreement with the Soviet Union would lessen American commitment to the de-

fence of Europe were unfounded. "Our ties will be strengthened, not diminished by this success.' Meanwhile Defence Secretary Caspar Weinberger said on Wednesday the Dec. 7 summit should go ahead even if a treaty scrapping medium-range nuclear missiles is not ready to sign by

He said in a television interview that the INF treaty could not be signed until it was in final form with full Soviet agreement to provisions against cheating. But Mr. Weinberger said a

Reagan-Gorbachev summit meeting would still be useful even if the treaty was not finalised. The U.S. defence chief refused to confirm or deny whether he would resign this week. Officials

in Washington, speaking anonymously, had said on Tuesday that he would. "I think it is important to have that (summit) meeting, and useful discussions can take place,"

In Monterey, California NATO defence ministers planned to express strong support on Wednesday for the planned INF agreement in an effort to help secure U.S. Senate ratification for the pact.

## Armitage confirms Carlucci will succeed Weinberger TEL AVIV (Agencies) — Visiting U.S. Assistant Defence

Secretary Richard Armitage said on Wednesday that President Reagan would appoint National Security Adviser Frank Carlucci on Thursday to succeed Defence Secretary Caspar Weinberger.

er to return to the White House ceremony regarding Mr. Weinberger and Mr. Carlucci tomorrow," Mr. Armitage told reporters at the end of a two-day visit to Israel (See page 7).

It was the first time a U.S. defence official publicly confirmed rumours that Mr. Weinberger would resign and be replaced by Mr. Carlucci. Mr. Weinberger, 70, has steadfastly refused to confirm or deny reports he was quitting after seven years on the job.

But his wife Jane has confirmed he will resign, the New York Times reported on Wednesday.

"He stayed on while he thought he could be helpful, Mrs. Weinberger was quoted as saying. "He has thought of leaving several times but the timing never seemed quite right before. She denied her husband was

problems. "All the stories you hear about my general health are not true," she told the newspaper on Tuesday in a telephone interview from Monterey, California, where the U.S. defence chief was attending a meeting of NATO

Tuesday. Mr. Weinberger's association with Mr. Reagan dates back two

quitting because of her health dell in 1250

defence ministers. "I'm off to Germany and furth-

Asked why he wouldn't respond to the reports he is quitting. Mr. Weinberger said on the U.S. television network NBC on Wednesday: "I've always tried to stay on substantive matters and matters that involve the immediate issues that we have before

"The president is losing a longtime associate when he needs people around him who understand his instincts," a senior White House official said

Weinberger — from a budgetcutter to a budget-booster, Page 4

Special offer at Smurfs Tower See page 6

# Lebanese rush to buy food ahead of general strike

BEIRUT (R) — War-weary Lebanese cleared supermarket shelves in panic on Wednesday ahead of an indefinite general strike called in protest at their country's economic crisis.

The soaring inflation and collapse of the Lebanese pound which sparked the strike by the General Labour Federation (GLF) also put a damper on celebrations of Tuesday's anniversary of the Prophet Mohammad's birth.

Mainly Muslim west Beirut. which normally echoes to the sound of fireworks and guns fired into the air on the eve of the anniversary, was quiet this year.

Residents complained they could not afford firecrackers and ammunition, while many children received none of the usual gifts. The GLF, comprising about 60

unions, said in a statement that all its 250,000 affiliated members in the private and public sectors would strike from Thursday "until all the demands are met."

Banks, shops, restaurants and public and private institutions including schools would close, but pharmacies, hospitals, bakeries and the media were exempt.

However, newspapers will re-

will shut for one day. Despite the galloping prices which prompted the protest, hundreds of people raided supermar-

petrol stations. 'People are leaving nothing on the shelves. They are grabbing everything. One man bought 10 kilogrammes of meat," housewife Hala Nawaf after visit-

kets to stockpile food while

others queued at bakeries and

ing a store in west Beirut. It is crazy. It looks like World War III is going to break out. Even if you don't want to stock food, when you see people rushing to buy, you get scared and want to do the same," she

The federation estimates the inflation rate so far this year at 350 per cent and accuses the government of doing nothing to halt the slide of the Lebanese pound on the currency markets.

The pound has lost 82 per cent of its international value this year, falling from 82.50 to more

ever ending the 12-year war between feuding Falangist and opposition factions.

"I hope the strike goes on for a year. We cannot suffer for nothing any more," said mother-ofthree Claude Tuma, 40.

GLF President Antoine Bechara told a news conference on Tuesday that the strike was aimed "at ending the war... protecting the pound and halting squandering of public money."

Let us revolt against this slow death. Let us rebel against war and the warlords... let us show them that the entire Lebanese people are united in the struggle

for the loaf," he said. The As Safir newspaper, describing the strike as the country's first open-ended stoppage since 1952, said in a front-page banner headline on Wednesday: Tomorrow Lebanon unites in the face of those who are starving

Opposition leaders, who have boycotted President Amin Gemayel since 1986 when he refused to sign a Syrian-sponsored peace pact, voiced support for the strike

But Falangist leaders blamed the crisis on pro-Syrian opposifrain from publishing for two days out of sympathy while bakeries than 500 to the dollar, as people tion ministers and a lack of confidence sparked by their boycott. tion ministers and a lack of confi-

## Mitterrand knew of Iran arms export — report

PARIS (R) — President François Mitterrand was told in 1984 that French munitions were being exported illegally to Iran but the shipments continued for a further two years, the French newspaper Le Figaro said on Wednesday.

In the latest revelation in a scandal rocking Mr. Mitterrand's Socialist Party, Le Figaro published a confidential report by Armed Forces Inspector-General Jean-Francois Barba on the alleged sales by the French armaments company Luchaire.

The conservative newspaper quoted Barba as saying that the then Defence Minister, Charles Hernu, may have turned a blind eve to a cover-up by aides who contributions to the party. "I am convinced that the illicit operations of the Luchaire company were covered by members of Hernu's staff, in particular, by his senior aide (Jean-Francois) Dubos," Barba was quoted as

Mr. Dubos has denied covering up "any kind of operation aimed at financing a political party. The Socialist Party has denied the allegations, the latest scandal involving the two main parties ahead of presidential elections next April.

Barba said the head of France's DGSE intelligence service told Mr. Mitterrand of the illegal trade, between 1983 and early, wanted to help the struggling 1986, in an interview in the company while also accepting Elysee Palace on May 21, 1984

and Mr. Mitterrand told him to tell Mr. Hernu.

The report said Luchaire Managing-Director Daniel Dewavrin told Barba he made the shipments to save his company and that 2.5 to three million francs (\$300,000 to \$375,000) was transferred to a Socialist Party orga-

The report was ordered by Defence Minister Andre Giraud. a member of the conservative government that ousted Mr. Mitterrand's Socialist administration

Mr. Dubos said in a statement released by his lawyer on Tuesday that he "categorically denied having covered up any kind of operation aimed at financing a

# Kuwait building advanced anti-missile system

KUWAIT (AP) — Kuwaiti forces are building a sophisticated defence system to intercept Iranian Silkworm missiles, Defence Minister Sheikh Salem Al Sabah has said.

"We have implemented most of the defence plan aimed at deterring foreign aggression. preventing the missiles from reaching Kuwaiti territory," he said.

He gave no details of the new defence system. But he noted in an interview with the Kuwait News Agency (KUNA): "We have established contacts with arms manufacturers in the United States, the Soviet Union, France and Britain to obtain specially designed and highly effective weapons for dealing with those

He spoke after meeting Gen. George B. Crist, commander of the U.S. Central Command in Florida which has responsibility for the U.S. Navy Task Force in the Gulf, and French Ambassa-

dor Marcel Laugel. The French Air Force Chief of Staff, Gen. Achille Lerch, was in Kuwait about two weeks ago. France supplied Kuwait with an early warning system three years

Sources said the installation of the sophisticated anti-missile system on Failakah island, 33 kilometres west of Kuwait in the northern Gulf, was moving

Kuwait bolstered its defences on the island with U.S.-made Hawk anti-aircraft missile batteries after three Iranian missiles attacks last month.

Iran. at war with Iraq for seven years, accuses Kuwait of directly aiding Iraq's war effort.

The Defence Ministry said in a statement that Gen. Crist and the Kuwaiti officials discussed "using up-to-date defence equipment to deter Iranian aggression on Kuwait, which is not party to the

ages, plus a small planetarium at the Haya Arts Centre. Open all week 9:00 a.m. - 1.p.m. and 3:30 p.m. - 6:00 p.m. Closed on Friday.

rougore measure: Jerselly and Ost-tumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre, Am-man. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m.-5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 651760.

Year-round. (el. 651760.)
Martyrs' Memorial (Military Meseum): Collection of military memorabilia dating from the Arab Revolt of 1916. Sports City. Amman. Opening hours 9,00 a.m. 4,00 p.m. Closed Saturdays. Tel. 664240.

SERVICE CLUBS

The Amman Lions Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Regency Palace Hotel, 7:30 p.m.

Lions Philadelphia Club. Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at the Ammon Hotel, 7:30 p.m.

Philadelphia Rotary Club. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn. 4:30 p.m.

Rotary Club. Meetings every Tuesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 2.00

p.m. Royal Automobile Club, Jabal Am-man, Eighth Circle, Tel. 810534, 817534.

CHURCHES

St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic) Jubal Amman, Tel. 624590, Church of the Ammunciation (Roman

Catholic) Jabal Luweibdeh, Tel.

637440.

De la Salle Church (Roman Catholic)
Jabal Hussein, Tel. 661757.
Terrasanta Church (Roman Catholic),
Jabal Luweibdeh, mass in Italian language, meet every Saturday at 5:30
p.m. Tel: 62366
Church of the Annunciation (Greek
Orthodox) Abdali, Tel. 623541.
Anglican Church (Church of the Redeemer) Jabal Amman, Tel. 625383,
chaplan's residence tel. 601359.

chaplam's residence tel. 601359. Armenian Catholic Church Ashrafich. Tel. 771331.

Armenian Orthodox Church Ashra-fich, Tel. 775261

St. Ephraim Church (Syrian Ortho-dox) Ashrafich, Tel. 77[75]. Amman International Church (Inter-denominational): meets at Southern Baptist School in Shmeisani. Tel. 677534.

Evangelical Lutheran Church (Church

of the Good Shepherd) Amman. Arabic Service: Sunday 7 p.m. Rev. N. Smir. tel. 811295.

Lions Philadelphia Club, Meet

# Iran-contra investigators get Swiss bank records

WASHINGTON (AP) — Swiss Iranian-born businessman Albert bank records tracing the flow of money in the Iran-contra affair and which would be a central part of any criminal prosecution in the case - were turned over to U.S. investigators in Switzerland.

Investigators for independent counsel Lawrence Walsh were in Bern to collect the documents from the Swiss government, 11 months after the initial request and following a lengthy legal battle in Swiss courts which has delayed a decision by Mr. Walsh on whether to seek indictments.

The 66 pounds (30 kilogrammes) of records, one of the most important pieces of the Iran-contra puzzle, concern accounts controlled by fired National Security Council aide Oliver North; Col. North's associate, retired U.S. Air Force Maj-Gen. Richard V.

Secord; Gen. Secord's partner,

Hakim and arms dealer Manucher Ghorbanifar.

Gen. Secord, Mr. Hakim and Mr. Ghorbanifar had challenged the release of the records, and without them Mr. Walsh's office has been reluctant to make a decision on whether to seek indictments.

"It was a gaping hole in the investigation," said one source familiar with Mr. Walsh's probe, speaking on condition of anony-In a statement saying "we are

pleased" with Swiss cooperation. Mr. Walsh said that now "we intend to proceed promptly with our review of this evidence." The records concern several

accounts set up in 1985 and 1986 by the four men and detail the movement of proceeds from the Iran arms sales and foundations into the Swiss bank accounts.

The bank accounts include one under the name of Lake Resources, a Panama-based company controlled by Gen. Secord. Investigators have said the funds from the Iran arms sales to Nicaragua's contras and that Col. Resources account.

land supplies banking documents elaborate. to a legitimate criminal investigation. Lawyers for Gen. Secord, Mr. Hakim and Mr. Ghorbanifar argued that the American investigators were looking into political offences rather than criminal ones and that Switzerland should not provide the documents.

Switzerland's supreme court, the federal tribunal, on Aug. 20

donations from U.S. citizens and rejected those arguments. Park delivery was held up in the decentralised Swiss judicial system h appeals in a Geneva court by Mr

Hakim and Mr. Ghorbanifar. "These are the central docu ments, the ones everyone talker about." Swiss Justice Ministry account was used to channel spokesman Joerg Kistler said o the documents supplied to Mr Walsh's investigators. Kistler sak North helped set up the Lake some minor "scraps" or record were still held up in the Swix Under Swiss treaties, Switzer- Supreme Court, but he refused to

U.S. investigators have said some \$8 million connected with the Iran-contra affair is frozen in Swiss accounts. The United States will have to file a new judicial assistance request to try to lay claim to the money. Gen. Second told Congress the funds belonged to the "enterprise" operated by him and Mr. Hakim.

Webb wants

U.S. to hit at

core of Iran's

WASHINGTON — The United

States should respond to Iranian

provocations in the Gulf by strik-

ing at the core of Iran's capabili-

ties instead of retaliating against

minor military targets, Navy Secretary James Webb has sug-

attacks, "the force used should be

designed not simply to recipro-

cate for an action that has been

conducted against you, but to

pre-empt the next action," Mr.

Webb said at a luncheon with

Washington Times "That's the

In responding to Iranian .....

editors and reporters of The and the

capabilities

### China rebukes U.S. over Iran arms charges

PEKING (R) - China rebuked of weapons in Iran come from," the U.S. government and news media on Wednesday over charges that Peking was a major arms supplier to Iran.

A Foreign Ministry spokesman told a weekly news briefing that U.S. newspapers were trying to spread rumours that China was Iran's biggest Gulf war arms sup-

He criticised an unidentified U.S. official alleged to have said China was sending a second shipment of Silkworm missiles to Iran and supplying it with artillery shells through a Hong Kong middleman.

"Such allegations are totally groundless," the spokesman

"The U.S. government knows very well where the large number

ISTANBUL, Turkey (AP) - A

bomb exploded Wednesday at a

local office of the ruling Mother-land Party, killing a 20-year-old tea vendor and slightly injuring

another party employee, police

The blast occurred at 9:40 a.m.

(0740 GMT) inside a third-floor

office of the party building in the

Fatih area of Istanbul, city Police

Chief Unal Erkan told reporters.

He identified the dead man as

Mustafa Toprak, who had just

he said. "In spite of that, the U.S. official went ahead and concocted and spread rumours about China sending missiles to Iran.
"Such a practice of diverting

people's attention is by no means The spokesman said the U.S. press had falsely reported that

China had sold 96 missiles to Tehran and that there were Chinese military specialists in Iran helping to operate Silkworm

"Recently, the U.S. press has been trying to give the international community the impression China has become the biggest arms supplier for Iran, and has been spreading such rumours. This is really ridiculous," he said. U.S. Undersecretary of State

started work for the Motherland

Party as a tea vendor and cleaner.

hand grenade that exploded in his

hand while he was cleaning up a storeroom on the top floor."

Erkan said. "He died on the way

Motherland Party officials said

Attacks against offices of Pre-

Damascus, Paris (AF)

the blast caused little material

damage because it was confined

mier Turgut Ozal's Motherland

"It seems the device included a

Man killed in blast at Istanbul party office

to the hospital."

to the storeroom area.

for Political Affairs Michael Armacost told a news conference in Peking on Tuesday that China continued to deny U.S. charges that it had supplied Silkworms to

He said he hoped Peking would persuade Iran not to use any more Silkworms following a missile hit on the U.S.-flagged tanker Sea Isle City in Kuwaiti waters in

the Gulf on Oct. 16. Iran says it has some Silkworms but captured them from Iraq.

Mr. Armacost said the United States had tried hard to stop the flow of weapons to Iran since 1983, although "an aberration on our part intervened" - a reference to covert U.S. arms supplies revealed in the so-called Irangate

The party is seeking a new

Last week's explosions were

five-year mandate in an early

general election set for Nov. 29.

claimed both by the leftist Tur-

kish People's Liberation Front

and by another previously un-

known group that charged Mr.

Ozal with applying anti-Islamic

an Civil Defence

### only way you can gain the initiative in the military sense." Mr. Webb quoted the prime Party in the cities of Izmir and Kayseri on Friday injured five

gested.

minister of Bahrain as saying, When your floor is flooded, you people and caused extensive don't keep mopping up the floor until you fix the faucet." A reduction of the U.S. Navy

presence in the Gulf is contingent on Iran acknowledging the right of all nations to navigate in international waters and continued allied participation in trying to keep the Gulf open, Mr. Webb

- The Washington Times.

# TV & RADIO

JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 773111-19

... .... World News Reports 19:50 Programme review 20:00 News in Arabic 20:30 Arabic series
21:30 Local varieties programme
22:30 Arabic film
23:00 News summary in Arabic
23:10 Arabic film contd.

PROGRAMME TWO L'aventure des plantes (documentary) 19:00 . .... News in French 19:45 Varieties 20:90 News in Arabic 20:30 Life's Most Embarrassing Mo-

RADIO JORDAN

RSS KHz, AM & 99 MHz, FM & partly on 9560 KHz, SW Tel. 774111-19 
 07:00
 Light Music

 07:30
 Newsdesk

 08:00
 Morning Show

 10:00
 News Summars
 ..... News Summan 17:00 30 Years of American Top ....

BBC WORLD SERVICE 659, 720, 1323 KHz

Evening Show
News Summary

..... Evening Show Contd.

Date with a Star

06:00 Newsdesk 06:30 Sportsworld 06:45 Reflections 06:50 Classical Re-cord Review 07:00 World News 07:09 24 Hours: News Summary 07:30 Pe-bles' Choice 07:45 The World Today bles' Choice 07:45 The World Today 08:00 Newsdesk 08:30 Time for Verse 08:40 The Farming World 09:00 World News 09:09 24 Hours: News Summary 09:30 The Best of British 09:45 Net-work UK 10:00 World News 10:09 Reflections 10:15 Country Style 10:30 John Peel 11:00 World News 11:09 British Press Review 11:15 The World Today 11:45 Training for Tomorrow Today 11:45 Training for Temorrow 12:00 News Summary 12:30 Don't Stop Now, It's Fundation 13:00 News Sum-Now. It's Fundation 13:00 News Summary. Just Little Ol'Tune 13:09 News About Britain 13:15 New Ideas 13:25 A Letter from England 13:30 Citizens 14:00 Radio Newsreel 14:15 Multitrack 2 — Top Twents 14:45 Sports Round-up 15:00 World News 15:09 24 Hours. News Summary 15:30 Network UK 15:45 Dave Gells's Songbook 16:00 Outlook: Opening with News Summary 16:45 Write On... 17:00 Radio Newsreel 17:15 The Pleasure's Yours 18:00 World News 18:09 Commentary 18:15 Assignment 18:45 The World Today 19:00 World News

**VOICE OF AMERICA** MW 1260 & SW 7200, 9565, 11740, 11925 and 15210 Hz

06:00 News 06:10 Newsline 06:30 VOA Morning 07:00 News 07:10 Newsline 07:30 VOA Morning 08:00 News 08:10 Newsline 08:30 VOA Morning 17:00 News 17:10 Newsline 17:30 Music USA 18:00 News 18:10 Focus 18:30 Special Engish News & Features 19:00 News 19:10 Newsline 19:30 Magazine Show 19:10 Newsline 19:30 Magazine Show 19:10 Newsline 19:30 Magazine Show 20:00 News 20:10 Focus 20:30 Special English News & Features 21:00 News 21:10 Newsline 21:30 Music USA 22:00 News & Editorial 22:15 Music USA Jazz 23:00 News 23:10 World Report ..... Special Feature

# WHAT'S GOING ON

TODAY'S EVENTS **EXHIBITIONS** 

Art exhibition for Kamal and Nidal Tabbal at Housing Bank Complex (un-til Nov. 21).

 Photographs exhibition by Mohammad Roumi at the French Cultural Centre (until Nov. 12). An exhibition of paintings, drawings, and collages by Dodi Karim Tabbaa at the Petra Bank Gallery.

Wadı Saqra (until Nov. 15).

⇔ A Turkish video film entitled "Beyaz Bisiklet" at 7:00 p.m. Thurs-day at the Turkish Cultural Centre.

FEATURE FILM 

Thursday at the American Centre. SERVICE

★ The Anglican Church will be holding a remembrance day service at the Church of the Redeemer, Jabal Amman, on Sunday, 8th November at 6:30

CULTURAL CENTRES

Royal Cultural Centre .. Tel. 6610267 Royal Cuntral Centre 161, 6611/257
American Centre 164371
American Centre Library 641520
British Council 636147/8
French Cultural Centre 637009 Goethe Institute 641993 Soviet Cultural Centre 644203 Spanish Cultural Centre 624049 Turkish Cultural Centre 639777 Haya Arts Centre 655195
Hussen Youth City 667181/6
Y.W.C.A. 641793
Y.W.M.A. 664251
Amman Municipal Library 636111
Univ. of Jordan Library 843555

"Children's Heritage and Science Museum," Fun and knowledge for all

MUSEUMS

# FOR THE TRAVELLER

INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information department at the Queen Alia International Airport Tel. (08) 53:200-5, where it should always be verified. should always be verified.

ARRIVALS ROYAL JORDANIAN FLIGHTS (Terminal 1)

09:50			
09:30	Kuwait (R.		
09:40	Jeddah (R.		
09:50	Dhahran (R Doha Bahrain (R.		
09:55	Doha, Bahrain (RI		
10:00	Dubai, Abu Dhabi (R.		
17:35	New York, Vienna (R.		
17:40	Athens (R.		
18-15	London Geneva (P.		
18:45	Bucharest, Larnaca (R.		
19:45	Bucharest, Larnaca (R. Rome (R.		
23:55	Baghdad (R.		
OTHER FLIGHTS (Terminal 2)			

(2:10 ...... Abu Dhabi, Bahrain (GF) 13:40 ...... Kuwait (KU) Riyadh (SV)
Bəghdad (IA) 18:20 ...... Amsterdam (KLM)

18:35 Cairo (MS)
19:15 Frankfort (LH)
20:15 Zurich, Lamaca (SR)
20:25 Paris (AF)

DEPARTURES ROYAL JORDANIAN FLIGHTS (Terminal 1)

#7:00 Aqaba (RJ)
10:30 Bucharest (RJ)
10:45 Rome (RJ)
10:45 Larnaca, Athens (RJ)
12:00 Frankfurt, London (RJ)
12:15 Brussels, Paraca P 11
10:12 ..... Brussels, Paris (RJ) 19:50 Bahrain Doha (RJ) 19:55 Baghdad (RJ) 20:00 Jeddah (RJ) 

OTHER FLIGHTS (Terminal 2) 06:20 .. .... Frankfurt (LH)

Bahrain. Doha. Abu Dhabi (GF)

Kuwait (KU)

Ankara, Istanbul (TK) 15:00 15:30 Baghdad (IA)
Cairo (MS)
Sana'a (LH)

PRAYER TIMES

04:36 05:57		Fajr (Sunrise) Duha Dhuhr
14. I R		'Asr
16:42 -18:03		Maghreb
M	ONEY	EXCHANGE

Wednesday rates Local sell-buy rates in fils French franc 57.41 SS.6 Italian Irra 26 44 27 Japanese yen (for 100) 244; 249.6 Swedish crown 54.44 55.7 Swiss franc 236.44 242.3 U.K. sterling pound 582.7; 596.2 U.S. dollar 335.24 340.9 W. German mark 195.17 199.9

WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of Meteorology.

It will be fair in the morning. But, in the afternoon, a drop in temperature is expected, with the appearance of clouds, and possibly, there will be scattered rain. Winds will be southwesterly fresh and dusty conditions will prevail in desert areas. In Aqaba, it will be dusty and partly cloudy, with southerly winds and rough sea.

\*Amman ...... Min./max. temp. 8 / 20 Deserts 5/22 Jordan Valley 10/25 Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 22, Aqaba 26, Humidity readings: Amman 33 per cent, Aqaba 42 per

# USEFUL TELEPHONE NOS.

**EMERGENCIES** 

AMMAN: Amman governorate .......... 891228 Al Asema pharmacy ...... Nairoukh pharmacy .....

Fire headquarters 622090-3
Police rescue 192. 621111. 637777
Police headquarters 639141 Municipal water complaints 771125/8 Oueen Alia Intl. Airport (08)53330/60 Heyam taxi ..

HOSPITALS

Hussein Medical Centre ..... 813813/32 Khalidi Maternity, J. Amn ... 644281/6 Akileh Maternity, J. Amn ... 642441/2-Jabal Amman Maternity ...... 642362 Malhas, J. Amman 636140 Palestine, Shmeisani 664171/4 Shmeisani Hospital 669131 University Hospital 845845 Al-Muasher Hospital 667227/9 The Islamic, Abdali 666127/37 Al-Ahli, Abdalı ...... Italian, Al-Muhajreen ..... Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafieh ...

Army Marka 891611/15 Queen Alia Hospital 602240/50

Amal Hospital ...... 674155

### Dr. Amin Abdul Jaber ... Dr. Mohammad Horani . 898552 Firas pharmacy Ferdows pharmacy

NIGHT DUTY

Al Salam pharmacy Al Wahda taxi Khaldoun taxi Bassam taxi .....

Balaşemah taxi

Dr. A. Sababin ....

ZARQA: Dr. Walid Haiasa .... Belal pharmacy (--)
Shaza pharmacy (--)

GENERAL

982799

Hotel complaints 666412
Price complaints 661176
Telephone Information 13 Jordan and Middle East calls ..... Repair service

# MARKET PRICES

250 / 200 Dates 360 / 300 Eggplant (large) 100 / 60 Eggplant (small) 140 / 100 

Marrow ..... Olive (green) 470 / 400 Olive (black) 520 / 460 Onion (dry) 140 / 100 
 Okra
 480 / 400

 Oranges
 280 / 220

 Pepper (hot)
 120 / 80

 Pepper (sweet)
 110 / 80

 Potato
 320 / 240
 Pomegranates 400 / 350 Raddish 130 / 100 Spinach 140 / 100 Tomatoes 100 / 60

### FOR FRIDAY

JORDAN TELEVISION

Tel: 773111-19 PROGRAMME ONE 10:00 Koran 10:20 Programme Review 12:00 Rebenous series 12-30 Friday's prayer 13:30 Sport magazine 14:50 Religious seminar 19:20 Programme on Jordan 19:50 Programme review News in Arabic

21:15 Arabic Series 22:90 Jerash Festival 87

23:00 ...... News summary in Arabic 17:40 .... "Pariez apres le signale sonore".

19:00 News in French
19:15 "Le Monde Selon Georges"
19:30 News in Hebrew-

19:45 Varieties
20:00 News in Arabic
20:30 Late Expectations
21:10 Against the Wind
22:00 News in English
22:20 Super Train RADIO JORDAN

855 KHz. AM & 99 MHz. FM & partly on 9560 KHz. SW Tel. 774111-19 07:00 Light Music 07:30 Newsdesk 08:00 Mortung Show 10:00 News Summary

| 10:05 | Morning Show Contd. | 11:00 | News Summary | 11:05 | Listeners Choice | 12:06 News Summary 12:05 Listeners' Choice Country Music
News Summary ...... Country Music
...... News Bulletin Jordan Weekly Jordan Weekly ...... News Summary 16:00 Instrumentals 16:30 18:00 ...... News Summary Discovering Music 20:80 ..... 21:00 ..... ..... Pop Talk 20:30 Young Sound 21:30 Yes Minister 22:00 Jazz Hour 22:00 Jazz Hour 23:00 30 Years of American Top Ten

24:00 ...... ..... Close Down

**BBC WORLD SERVICE** 

639, 730, 1323 KHz

06:00 Newsdesk 06:30 Country Style 06:45 Reflections 06:50 Financial News 07:00 World News 07:09 24 Hours: News Summary 7:30 A Personal Look at Remembrance 07:45 The World Today 08:00 Newsdesk 08:30 Meridian 09:00 World News 09:09 24 Hours: News Summary 09:30 Write on... 09:45 Sportsworld 10:00 World News 10:09 Reflections 10:15 This Musical World 10:30 Good Friday Meditation 11:00 World News 11:00 British Press Reworld News 11:09 British Press Review 11:15 The World Today 11:30 Financial News 11:45 The Man of Property 12:00 News Summary; The Best of British 12:15 Merchani Navy Programme 12:30 Jazz for the Asking 13:00 World News 13:09 News About Britain 13:15 Memoirs of a Fot-Hunting Man 13:30 Mendian 14:00 Radio Newsreel 14:15 Jazz for the Asking 14:45 Sports Round-up 15:00 World News 15:09 24 Hours: News Summary 15:30 John Peel 16:00 Out-look: News Summary 15:45 Nature

Notebook 17:00 Radio Newsreel 17:15 Fillars of Islam 18:00 World News 18:09 Commentary 18:15 Science in Action 18:45 The World Today 19:00 World News 19:09 A Letter from Northern Ireland 19:15 Music Now 19:45 Sports Roundup 20:00 Newsdesk 20:30 Multitrack 3 21:00 News Sum-mary: Outlook 21:39 Stock Market Report 21:45 Personal Views 22:00 Report 21:45 Personal View 22:00 World News 22:89 24 Hours: News Summary 22:30 Science in Action 23:00 News Summary: Network UK 23:15 Music Now 23:45 The Battle of Pollock's Crossing 24:00 World News 00:09 The World Today 00:25 A Letter from Northern Ireland 00:30 Financial News 00:40 Reflections 00:45 Sports Roundup 01:00 World News; Commentary 01:15 From the Weeklies

**OUEEN ALIA** INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information depart-ment at the Queen Alia International Airport Tel. (08) 53200-5, where it should always be verified.

ROYAL JORDANIAN FLIGHTS (Terminal 1) 99:15 Aqaba (RJ) 99:15 Abu Dhabi (RJ) 99:30 Cairo (RJ) 99:30 Muscat, Dubai (RJ) ------ Cairo (RJ)

Jeddah (RJ)

Paris (RJ) 18:05 ...... London, Frankfurt (RJ) 18:15 ..... Istanbul (RJ) 18:45 ..... Bangkok (RJ) OTHER FLIGHTS (Terminal 2)

Grapefruit ...... 120 / 100

12-55 Jeddah (SV) 13:30 Rio de Janeiro, Lisbon (IA) 13:40 ...... Kuwait (KU 16:00 Abu Dhabi, Doha, Lamaca (GF) 16:35 Athens (OA)
21:00 Frankfurt (LH) 21:00 ...... Frankturt (LH) 00:25 ..... London, Cairo (BA)

DEPARTURES ROYAL JORDANIAN FLIGHTS (Terminal 1) 97:00 .... Agaba (RJ) 11:09 ... Amsterdam, New York (RJ) 11:45 Vienna, Chicago, Los Angeles (RJ)

12:15 .... Frankfurt, Copenhagen (RJ) 12:45 .... Istanbul (RJ) ..... Lamaca (RJ) ..... Abu Dhabi (RJ) Cairo (RJ) 20:15 Canot 21:15 ...... Damascus (RJ)

OTHER FLIGHTS (Terminal 2)

96:25 Amsterdam (KLM) 96:30 Cairo (BA) 98:30 Larnaca, Zurich (SR) 15:00 Kuwait (KU) 15:30 Dubai (EK) 15:50 Caire (MS)

# **NEWS IN BRIEF**

### Princess Basma patronises graduation

SALT (Petra) - Her Royal Highness Princess Basma on Wednesday patronised the graduation ceremony, held in Salt, for a group of young women who took part in vocational training courses sponsored by the Department of Education in Balqa Governorate in cooperation with the Vocational Training Centre in Ein Al Basha. Princess Basma distributed certificates to the graduates and later toured an exhibition of products and crafts made by the graduates. The ceremony was attended by Balqa Governor Mijhem Al Khreisha, a number of officials and the graduates' parents.

### Princess Majeda chairs meeting

AMMAN (Petra) - Princess Majeda Ra'd, president of Al Hussein Society for the Rehabilitation of the Physically Handicapped, chaired a meeting on Wednesday for the society's general assembly. Princess Majeda reviewed the society's activities and achievements, as well as its financial and administrative

### Hamzeh reports on int'l AIDS panel

AMMAN (Petra) — Minister of Health Zaid Hamzeh on Wednesday chaired a meeting of the recently-formed standing technical committee to supervise the implementation of precautionary measures against AIDS (Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome). Dr. Hamzeh briefed the committee on discussions which took place during a two-day international conference on AIDS held in Paris in October. The conference, the minister said, called for combating the disease rather than the patient.

### Khayyat opens public garden

If Ira

lilitic

AMMAN (J.T.) - A public garden was opened at Jubeiha on Wednesday by Minister of Awqaf and Islamic Affairs Abdul Aziz Al Khayyat, as part of the country's celebrations of the Prophet Mohammad's birthday. The garden was set up by the Greater Amman Municipality and is located within the University housing estate near the University of Jordan.

### Dodi Tabbaa art exhibit opens today

AMMAN (J.T.) — An exhibition of paintings, drawings and collages will open Thursday at the Petra Bank Gallery in Wadi Sagra. The exhibition by Dodi Karim Tabbaa will open under the patronage of Princess Wijdan Ali and will run until Nov. 15.

### Architect leaves for symposium in U.S.

AMMAN (J.T.) - Architect Rasim Badran left Amman on Wednesday to the U.S. to participate in a symposium on Islamic architecture at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT) in Boston. Mr. Badran has prepared a paper on the principles and theories of architectural designs for Islamic communities. The symposium, which starts next week at MIT is sponsored by the Aga Khan Foundation, in association with MIT and Harvard

level.

and build the dam with a height

of 100 metres to store the Yar-

mouk River water after filling up

Syrian dams. The agreement re-

serves the right for Syria to use

the water of all ground wells that

may exist on its territories in the

Yarmouk basin and its arteries

except the waters before the dam

and 250 metres under the water

Both countries will ofter com

pensation to owners of land, in-

appropriated on its territories in

the course of implementing the

project in accordance with its

laws and regulations. Syria undertakes to settle all matters

related to its citizens' rights and

claims to water resources and to

deal with all compensation con-

nected with this matter. Jordan

will bear the cost of all compensa-

tions and expenses to be paid

inside Syrian territory in return

the Hijazi railway line and con-

in a way to that does not obstruct

the management of the dam's

installations. Jordan will pay all

the maintenance cost for the

Sen. Surrour expressed hope

on Wednesday that the dam

would be the forerunner of furth-

er "unity projects between Jordan and Syria or between Jor-dan and other Arab countries."

Sen. Khalifeh said the bilateral

pact was "an outstanding"

achievement. "I don't see any

person not welcoming such a breakthrough," he said.

Referring to two previous plans, as early as 1953, to set up

the dam, Senator Ali Hassan

Odeh said: "All people have

been eagerly awaiting to get the dam executed." He added: "This

accord we are blessing now will increase irrigation facilities in the

Jordan Valley, and will consolidate Jordan's water resources and

Since water resources in the Jodan Valley are scarce and far-mers can't get water all-year

around, they are only able to

Agriculture experts say that

when more water will reach each

unit in the Jordan Valley, farmers

would be able to grow summer

Irrigation from the dam, according to Mr. Hmoud, will

also allow reclamation of at least 100,000 dunums of land to add to

the 350,000 dunums already culti-

vated in the Jordan Valley.

make two harvests a year.

power-generating capacities."

cover the cost.

for ownership of these rights.

stallations and other estates

### Senate endorses Al Wahdah accord

(Continued from page 1)

The Senate passed the draft. law enshrining the agreement after a limited discussion on whether it should be referred to the chamber's Legal Committee for evaluation and on whether the accord's 15 articles should be read and discussed during the session.

two alternatives based their argument on the Senate's internal charter which gives the Senate the right to either endorse or reject the accord. The legislature has no right to amend any agreements and accords reached between the government of Jordan

and any other government(s).
Although Senator Mohammad Odeh Al Qaraan basically supported the law, he said he had some queries regarding the scheme's financial and operational aspects. He suggested that the Senate committee should have a look at the draft law so that more was understood about the accord.

Answering Mr. Qaraan's suggestion was Sen. Hassan Al Kayyed who said that any bilateral agreement should be taken as a total entity and not be subjected to segmentation. Hence, "the agreement should be either en-dorsed or rejected," Mr. Kayved, a former interior minister, said. He said the pact should not be looked at from the angle of losses or gains, rather, it should be approached and evaluated from positive aspects, he said.

"It is a nationalistic and political accord" that was drafted to clear the Jordanian-Syrian scene of all differences and "it is the biggest achievement" during this era, said Mr. Kayyed.

The dam's cost, to be entirely footed by Jordan, was put by. officials at \$230 million, compared to a \$450 million scheme outlined in Jordan's national development plan for 1975-1980. However, other experts have said the eventual bill could range between \$300 million and \$500 million if the cost of turbines, piping, storage and other facilities was to be added.

The 100-metre high dam would hold 222 million cubic metres of water and the reservoir would take one to two years to fill, said Agriculture Minister Marwan Hmoud.

According to the agreement, an electric power plant would be built in the dam's course. Jordan would take 25 per cent of the generated electricity, while Syria

will have 75 per cent. Jordan would be responsible for setting up the dam project and financing all its design work as well as construction and operation stages. Syria will provide all needed facilities for workers in the project. Jordan will design



His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan and Lieutenant General Daoud Haninia, the director of the Royal Medical Services, listen to the Wednesday deliberations of the second Pan-Arab Seminar on

the session, the Crown Prince welcomed the delegates to the conference and wished them success in

Other topics to be discussed

include: the organisation's 1988-

1989 fiscal budget, problems con-

fronting the FAO during 1987 and programmes for the future. The FAO's general meeting will elect a new director. The post

is being contested by: Mr. Eduard Souma, the present direc-

tor, who is from Lebanon and is

supported by the Arab League;

the other candidate is from Benin

in Africa and is supported by the

Organisation of African Unity

The Jordanian delegation to

the meeting also includes Dr.

Sami Sunnaa, the director-gener-

### Contract signed for designing agricultural research centre

AMMAN (J.T.) - The Ministry of Agriculture has awarded Al Manar Consulting Engineers a con-tract to design and supervise the construction of the new National Centre for Agricultural Research and Technology Transfer and four regional agricultural service centres in Ramtha, Shoubak, Al Mushaqar, and Al Rabba. The United States Agency for International Development (USAID) is contributing \$600,000 to this

The contract was signed on Wednesday by Minister of Agriculture Marwan Hmoud and the representative of Al Manar Consulting Engineers. Those present for the signing included Dr. Salem Al Lawzi, under secretary for agriculture and Mr. Richard Johnson, acting director of the USAID mission in Jordan.

The facilities to be constructed and renovated will house modern laboratory equipment and will be completed in 1989. They will support the work of researchers and extension agents in helping farmers adopt new methods of crop production that have proven effective in similar growing condi-

The regional centres will be patterned after the successful centre at Deir Alla in the Jordan Valley, which was also developed with assistance from USAID.

# Delegation to attend FAO meeting in Rome

delegation led by Minister of Agriculture Marwan Hmoud leaves on Thursday for Rome in order to take part in the 24th meeting of the United Nations Food and Agriculture Organisation (FAO), which is due to open on Saturday.

The conference, which is a biennial event, is attended by delegates from all FAO member nations. The participants will discuss issues such as the international food situation, FAO contributions to the advancement of food production, the organisation's land reform and rural development programmes and other assistance to Third World

al of the Agricultural Credit Corporation and two representatives from the Ministry of Agriculture. Centre for handicapped

children to open in Maan MAAN (J.T.) - A social welfare doors in the coming month, offersociety in Maan has completed arrangements for establishing a special education centre for the

rehabilitation of the mentally re-The Al Junub Society for the care of the handicapped is being assisted in this endeavour by the Queen Alia Social Welfare Fund (QAF), the Save the Children Fund and the General Union of

Voluntary Societies (GUVS). According to the society's president, Ahmad Awad Mar'i, the centre is expected to open its ing care for children with mild handicaps between the ages of five and 13. The children will be trained in skills that will enable them to be self-reliant, Mr. Mar'i

Once it opens, the centre will accommodate 20 handicapped children, but the number will increase in the future.

The centre has special halls for therapy, lectures and guidance for the handicapped and for the families of the handicapped, as

# Finnish children's choir warms audience with brilliant performance, sense of friendship

By Jean-Claude Elias Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - Following the recent and very successful visit of Their Majesties King Hussein and Queen Noor to Finland, and in the scope of the Jordanian-Finnish friendship, a choir concert was given Tuesday evening Under the agreement, Syria is also responsible for transferring by the "Swallows" ensemble at the Evangelical Lutheran Good

Shepherd Church in Amman. structing the needed infrastruc-ture for the project. Jordan will For anyone expecting to see just a few singers, the surprise was real: 35 boys and girls from as The accord gave the right to young as 6 to teenagers, in addiboth countries to benefit from the tion to 12 musicians and 30 other dam's lake in their respective accompanists performed. The territories for investment in the musicians brought with them' field of tourism and fish breeding

their own instruments, including: 3 violins, 2 flutes, 1 cello, 2 trumpets, 1 trombone, 1 tuba and even 1 synthesiser. The organ of the church was used.

If music is an international language, the "Swallows" concert was proof of this. For, in spite of the Finnish language that few could understand, the communication was instantly established between the audience and the choir. Nevertheless, Reverend Smir would introduce each song with a short explana-tion of the lyrics in both Arabic and English.

"Let Us Sing Together," "Still the Bells Are Ringing," "Room

Enough," "The Little Sowers," "I have Decided to Follow Jesus" and other beautiful songs went directly to the heart of the audience. While singing "He's Got the Whole World in His Hands," the children waved flags of Jor-dan and Finland. A very moving solo was sung by one of the little girls of the choir in the negro spiritual, "What Kind of Robe Are You Going to Wear."

Both the singers and the musicians (the strings section, in particular) performed brilliantly, and the vision of the beautiful faces of these children from the midnight sun country created a dream-like

# Prince Hassan encourages efforts of medical panels

AMMAN (J.T.) - His Royal Highness Crown veterinarians ended with the Prince Hassan on Wednesday met with delegates to the second Pan-Arab Seminar on Leishmaniasis and other Zoonoses Diseases which opened here Tuesday. The Crown Prince welcomed the delegates and wished them success in their discussions which, he said, are of vital importance to the community's health.

Minister of Health Zaid Hamzeh, deputising for Prince Hassan. The minister presented the Crown Prince's speech, in which the Prince emphasised close cooperation among various health organisations and scientific research centres, for the purpose of promoting health for Arab

Prince Hassan later met with delegates to the third conference of Arab veterinarians, which was concluded in Amman. Wednesday.

In addressing the delegates, the Crown Prince underlined the importance of environmental health and preventive and curative medicine, in addition to calling

The seminar was opened by for the implementation of a programme designed to spread awarefor protecting themselves against diseases common to humans and

Prince Hassan also urged the

delegates and Arab governments to give proper attention to the issue of food security and to support the work of veterinarians in their fight against animal dis-

At the end of the meeting, Dr. Abdul Fattah Al Keilani, the conference's chairman, presented Prince Hassan with the shield of the Arab Federation of Veterina-

Meanwhile, the conference of

announcement of recommendations and resolutions, which included a call for the establishment of a regional centre for monitoring diseases common to humans and animals.

The conference's final statement recommended a general study of Malta fever, as well as plans for protection against this disease in every Arab country, in view of its seriousness and neganess among the public on means tive impact on the economy, in general, and animal wealth, in particular.

The statement urged all Arab universities to revise their curricula on veterinary medicine and introduce new techniques that can better address present-day problems and incorporate advanced methods for the treatment of animal diseases.

The conference urged Arab countries to produce more vaccines and veterinary medicines and to hold seminars and training courses for veterinarians to improve their skills and efficiency in diagnosing and dealing with animal diseases.

# Haj Hassan meets with ILO team

AMMAN (Petra) — Minister of Labour and Social Development Khaled Haj Hassan conferred Wednesday with an International Labour Organisation (ILO) team of experts currently on a visit to Jordan.

The team is headed by Dr. Ismail Serajiddin from Johns Hopkins University in Baltimore. Maryland.

During the meeting, they reviewed the goals of a project for increasing employment prospects for Jordanians in the labour market, currently being executed by the ministry in cooperation with the ILO and the United Nations

Development Programme (UNDP). The UNDP-financed project is

designed to support and encourage the employment of local labour in Jordan to meet the goals of the five-year development plan by reducing the unemployment rate.

The project, whose cost will exceed \$1 million, entails developing a data-gathering programme about labour market conditions and employment strategies. It also includes a study on labour migration and its impact on the national economy. eration in Mr. Haj Hassan expressed his countries.

appreciation for the efforts of the ILO team, as well as his hope that the team will come up with good

The ILO team visit is within the framework of preparations for the project.

Also on Wednesday, the minister discussed with the Indian ambassador to Jordan, Gurcharan Singh, Jordanian-Indian relations in the field of labour, Mr. Singh conveyed to the minister an invitation from his Indian counterpart to visit India to sign an agreement for promoting cooperation in labour between the two

## Computer literacy to become a fact of life in public secondary schools According to Marwan

- By Nermeen Murad Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - Word has it that, in ten years time, if you do not know how to use a computer you will be considered illiterate. With this thought in mind, the Ministry of Education has started a national plan to bring computers to all public secondary schools in

Britain allocated £3.229 million of its £10 million soft loan for development programmes, agreed upon by the two govern-ments, in the form of 2,000 computer sets to be installed over a period of three years.

Another £1.835 million was

granted to Jordan in the form of expertise, including training of Jordanian personnel, instructors and programmers and dispatching Jordanian technicians and officials to Britain for training.

The introduction of computers into schools is seen as part of the Ministry of Education's plan to overhaul the national educational system, as called for in the resolutions and recommendations adopted by the National Conference on Education held in September.

Muasher, director of the Information Centre at the Ministry of Planning, a national team was formed in February of this year to supervise the implementation of the project. "It is a five-year plan which aims to provide 6,500 computer sets to all 500 public secondary schools in different areas of Jordan," said Mr. Muasher, adding that each school will have between 12 and 14 computer sets by the end of the five-year

Computer courses will be obligatory for all nist and secondyear public secondary school students, and will be optional in the third year. For the two secondary classes, the computer courses will constitute what Mr. Muasher described as "awareness courses." which will teach students about the computer set, the software and hardware, as well as general concepts in language program-

ming.
The computer sets will also serve as "tools for teaching other subjects in Arabic, and there will be programmes which will be written especially to assist the learning process," said Mr.

Seventy public secondary schools are already benefitting from this programme this year, and teachers have already trained for a few months in England. The schools currently receiving computer training are spread throughout the Kingdom.

There are 6 centres which will which might arise; they are: Greater Amman area (2 centres), Balga, Irbid, Tafileh and Maan. According to Mr. Muasher, the

programme is expected to benefit students by improving their general knowledge of computers. teaching them to grasp concepts at their own learning pace rather than the teacher's pace, thereby encouraging them to become more creative by using computers and exploring areas which were not previously open to them.

The programme should also have a major impact on the Jordanian educational system, in general, while benefitting certain subjects, in particular. Mr. Muasher cited the subject of chemistry as an example, because in schools where a chemistry lab is not available, students would be able to view experiments on com-



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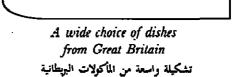
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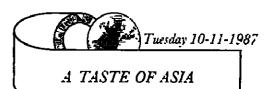


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Editorial and advertising offices: Jordan Press Foundation,

University Road, P.O. Box 6710, Amman, Jordan.

Telephones: 667171-6, 670141-4 Telex: 21497 ALRAI JO Facsimile: 661242

The Jordan Times is published daily except Fridays. Subscription and advertising rates are available from the Jordan Times advertising department.

## Light at the end of the tunnel?

NOW that the replies of both Iraq and Iran to the proposals of U.N. Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar on implementing Resolution 598 have been made public, it has become clear that whereas Baghdad has stuck to its original position with regard to the sequence of steps leading to the implementation of the resolution, Tehran has begun yet another game of foot-dragging. Iraq, in its reply, insists on an orderly implementation of the U.N. resolution, starting with the call to affect a bona fide cease-fire between itself and Iran, to be followed immediately by withdrawal of the belligerent forces to international borders and culminating in the examination of the issue of responsibility for the outbreak of the war. Iran, on the other hand, appears to be dragging its feet more than ever by raising issues which go beyond the scope of the resolution. For example. Iran is attempting to link its stance on the demand for a cease-fire to the issues of identification of the aggressor and according reparations. Iran also is attempting to preempt the findings of the neutral international body, envisaged in Resolution 598 to investigate the responsibility issue, by insisting that Iraq be identified as the aggressor and that reparations be paid as such. Thus, Iran appears to be putting the cart before the horse once again. This lopsided approach to Resolution 598 also reached irrational proportions when Iran pleaded ignorance as to the whereabouts of its international borders with Iraq.

Yet in spite of the discouraging reply of Iran, one notes that the U.N. secretary general feels encouraged enough by the replies of the two belligerent countries to ask them to dispatch their respective emissaries in order to continue negotiations with him which, he hopes, will lead to the full and orderly implementation of cease-fire resolution. The fact that the two countries have already accepted his invitation to send their representatives to New York for this purpose is certainly a positive step. By keeping the lines of communications with the two parties to the conflict open and by virtue of the fact that the two belligerents have opted to maintain their contacts with the U.N. secretary general, one can detect a glimpse of hope, albeit faint, that all is not lost after all. In the course of the next few weeks, the world will know for certain where Iran truly stands vis-a-vis the proposition of concluding a negotiated settlement to the war. It is a big gamble, perhaps a reckless one, to give Iran the benefit of the doubt for so long in spite of its prolonged

procrastination. But with signs that the leaders of the two superpowers may be restoring the spirit of detente between them, and with expectations that the Amman summit will take the initiative in attempts to end the war, we cannot but be hopeful that there is light at the end of the tunnel to convince Iran of the urgent need to accept a negotiated settlement with Iraq and, behind it, the Arabs. If, in this case, hope is not enough, then trust and confidence in Iraq's ability to remain steadfast and stand up to Iran's intransigence and expansionist aims should be a major source of comfort for all of us. Iran can continue its war of destruction in the Gulf, but only up to a limit; That limit already looms on the horizon. The question is whether the muliahs in Tehran are ready to realise it.

### **ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS**

Al Ra i: Stop the slide

IT is difficult to say how great are the hopes and the aspirations attached to the coming extraordinary Arab summit meeting which is due to open in Amman on Nov. 8. To have a rough idea about these hopes one has to look at the map of the Arab World and study its problems and difficulties, and also the dangers that threaten the Arab masses and their future. All these problems are on the agenda of the coming meeting; and the Arab leaders are required to find ways of reducing or solving these problems. The first step in this regard should be a serious effort to stop further deterioration in the Arab situation; and this entails preserving solidarity among Arab states and coordination among their governments. This step is essential for any joint action and for giving momentum to any concerted efforts aimed at strengthening the Arab stand. Arab leaders meeting in Amman on Sunday realise that the enemy camp is continuously working towards destroying the Arab Nation and therefore it is incumbent on these leaders to find means of foiling enemy conspiracies and hostile actions. They also realise that in the fight against the enemy, the Arabs should be in one trench helping one another. The coming summit of Amman had an important task: To unify the Arab countries and to pool their efforts and resources so as to make their enemies understand they can never penetrate this strong fortress; and it necessary, the Arabs will fight in one front against their common enemies. The task of the coming summit is great and noble because it is also seeking peace; but first, the Arab leaders ought to be reconciled and united in their objectives.

### Al Dustour: Security Council turn

IRAN and Iraq have sent their replies to U.N. Secretary General Javier Perez de Cuellar, thus placing the ball once again in the courtvard of the United Nations and its Security Council which had issued Resolution 598 on the Gulf conflict. Nothing is known about the contents of Iran's reply to de Cuellar, but one can realise Tehran's answer from the statements of the speaker of Iran's parliament two days ago which clearly frustrated all hopes of many countries by refusing to make peace with Iraq in accordance with U.N. proposals. There is a number of Security Council members which still hope Tehran will respond favourably to de Cuellar's bid for an end to the conflict and the start of negotiations for peace. But it should be emphasised that the Tehran rulers, with their rather ambiguous replies to de Cuellar, are continuing their attempts to deceive world public opinion so as to escape any sanctions that might be imposed on them by the council. These Security Council members will be frustrated once they take note of the contents of Iran's reply to de Cuellar, which proves beyond doubt Tehran's hardened position and rejection of peace bids. Such Security Council members should then reconsider their stand which had so far delayed the imposition of sanctions on Iran because it is crystal clear for all that no chance exists for persuading Tehran to accept the council's resolution and start peace negotiations except by the force of sanctions. The replies which arrived at de Cuellar's desk represent the final chapter in the U.N. secretary general's mediation efforts.

# Iran, Iraq comment on U.N. peace plan

UNITED NATIONS (R) - Following, in unofficial translations obtained by Reuters, are responses by Iran and Iraq to Secretary General General Javier Perez de Cuellar's latest peace proposals:

Iran

The following are some initial views on the points addressed in your outline of the plan.

Agreement upon D-day could be reached in the process of negotiations when the pace of progress is reasonably ascer-

Since the government of Iraq has officially nullified the 1975 Algiers accord and has made territorial claims contrary to the letter and spirit of the accord, internationally recognised bound-aries between the Islamic Republic of Iran and Iraq are yet to be determined.

Moreover; the correlation and coincidence between withdrawal of forces and the realisation of the consequences of responsibility for the conflict, particularly the issue of reparation of damages for its security must be clearly recognised.

It is understood that the problem of the civilian detainees, missing and deportees will also be dealt with in accordance with the Geneva Convention of 1949. Negotiations with the secretary

general to achieve a comprehen-

sive and just solution constitutes

a fundamental element in the outline of the plan. It is our view that previous negotiations need only be con-tinued in this context. Due to the

nature of the matter, this process will at some stage take the form of a tribunal. The position is reiterated that announcement of Iraq as the aggressor remains a first step

toward a just and durable peace. Assessment of the damages should be comprehensive and inclusive of all damages incurred. Mechanisms should be devised to cover, with sufficient guarantees, all damages comprehensively within a time frame which would have to be agreed upon with the secretary general.

Measures to enhance the security and stability of the region should be drawn up and implemented in a manner that at the end of the present war all responsibilities and potentials for future aggression in the region will be

Security Council mandate tion of the outline plan" enclosed quired "full implementation of amined it closely and earnestly. clear and unequivocal. It reads:

the operative paragraphs of resolution 598," the outline of the plan does not contain any provision for implementation of operative paragraph 5 of the resolu-

Notwithstanding the exacerbation of the situation in the Gulf, incorporation of clearcut provisions in your plan is imperative. On the basis of the above, the Islamic Republic of Iran declares its readiness to continue its cooperation and negotiations with

D-day is the term used by Perez de Cuellar for the start of a ceasefire and of further measures to implement the Security Council's July 20 resolution that demanded an end to the war.

your excellency.

To envisage a D-day as soon as possible, it is best to try to reach an agreement on the first two steps relating to the responsibility for the conflict and observance of the ceasefire based upon the understanding with the secretary general and proceed with implementation of these two major steps while negotiations continue on other provisions.

Ali Akbar Velayati, Minister for Foreign Affairs

D-day is the term used by Perez de Cuellar for the start of a ceasefire and of further measures to implement the Security Council's July 20 resolution that demanded an end to the war.

Iraq

On this occasion I would like first of all to refer to my letter of 22 July, 1987... which contained in its introductory part the fol-

The Government of Iraq welcomes Resolution 598 and is ready to cooperate with you and with the Security Council in good faith in order to arrive at a comprehensive, just, durable and honourable resolution to the conflict with Iran."

On the basis of this official and documented stand, the Iraqi Government's cooperation with you since the adoption of Security Council Resolution 598 has been sincere and close in order to implement the resolution in good faith and in a sound manner. We now reiterate our readiness to continue this cooperation.

The government of Iraq has seen the paper entitled: "Mea-While paragraph 4 of the sures required in the implementa-

We think you paper is in line with the context of a full implementation of Resolution 598. We sound approach. On this quesfollowing preliminary observa-

1. It is clear to us and to the Security Council that the basic aim of Security Council Resolution 598 is to establish a durable. just and honourable peace between Iran and Iraq.

Consequently, one of the very essential points is the necessity of placing all steps relating to the implementation of Resolution 598 within the context of achieving a comprehensive and durable peace.

However, if we review closely the behaviour of the Iranian government since the adoption of the resolution on 20 July 1987, we will find, beyond any shadow of a doubt, strong indications of Iran's intention to subvert the peace process.

This has manifested itself in Iran's attempts to change the sequence of the implementation of the operative paragraphs of the resolution, as well as in its attempts to misinterpret the resolution and impose preconditions and concepts that are quite alien to the letter and spirit of the resolution, to its primary objective and to the norms of international law and the United Nations' charter.

It has to be said from the outset that the rule of taking into consideration (the positions of the two should be dealt with cautiously and carefully.

The position taken by any party should be assessed on the basis of its correspondence to the letter and spirit of Security Council Resolution 598, and to the sequence of the operative paragraphs as laid down in the resolution itself, and in such a way as would serve the aim of achieving peace. This militates against dealing with any position that does not have this quality.

The comprehensive implementation of the resolution requires, first of all, the willingness of not just one party, but of bot parties to the dispute, to imple ment all its paragraphs in good faith, and to make clear such willingness to you and to the Security Council in a documented and unequivocal manner, as indeed has been done by Iraq.

2. The first paragraph of the granted to your excellency re- with your letter, and has ex- Security Council Resolution is

(Demands that, as a first step towards a negotiated settlement. Iran and Iraq observe an imwelcome and consider it to be a mediate ceasefire, discontinue all military actions on land, at sea tion, we would like to make the and in the air, and withdraw all forces to the internationally recognised boundaries without delay).

It is obvious, therefore, that the immediate implementation of a ceasefire and the withdrawal without delay, being the two interconnected aspects of the first step, should constitute, as stated in the resolution, the first step in the implementation process.

We consider it necessary that the discussion should begin on how to implement the first paragraph of the resolution, which, as the resolution provides, is the first step towards achieving peace and implementing a settlement speedily, faithfully and carefully.

When the first paragraph has been implemented, discussion can be entered into on the other operative paragraphs in the resolution and on how to implement them in such a manner as would actually lead to the establishment of a comprehensive and permanent peace.

This method is in consonance with the letter and spirit of the resolution and with the goal the Security Council has set itself. It is our profound belief that to enter now into discussions on how to implement the other paragraphs before implementation of the ceasefire and the withdrawal to the internationally recognised boundaries has been achieved, in parties) when discussing the im- a climate witnessing continued inplementation of the resolution tensification of Iranian manoeuvring and intransigence, means that several more months will be spent in such discussion, in addition to being out of conso-

> ity Council resolution. In the meantime, the Security Council demands in paragraph 1 of the resolution, with full support of the entire international community, an immediate ceasefire and withdrawal without delay. The conduct of the Iranian government over the period between 20 July and 30 October (120 days) vis-a-vis Security Council Resolution 598 confirms his conclusion beyond any sha-

nance with sequence of the para-

graphs as laid down in the Secur-

dow of doubt. No doubt, the real test of the earnestness of the two parties' desire for peace and of their positions vis-a-vis Security Council Resolution 598, will be seen through the position taken by each party on the full implementation of paragraph 1 of the

When full and faithful implementation of this pivotal paragraph has been achieved, then we and the other side will be able to start immediately, with your assistance, and in the right regional and international climate. to discuss the implementation of the subsequent operative para-

3. I have to stress, in this respect, that, despite the trust that the Iraqi Government places in you, a trust which both you and the Security Council have no doubt become certain of throughout many years of working together, the government cannot bind itself beforehand to accept- dad, the considerations which we ing the decisions of the secretary take in proposing the 10-day general. if no agreement is period for the completion of the reached between the two parties on specific aspects of the preparations as laid down in the paper

attached to your letter. fire and withdrawal and the su- experience of withdrawal from pervision related to it, we wish to the Iranian territory in 1982 point out the following:

A) You promise in your paper

"From a specific date, to be agreed upon, and referred to for the purpose of negotiations as D-day, a ceasefire should be observed.

The Iraqi government is prepared to agree with you on a close ceasefire date as called for in Resolution 598 and to abide by the ceasefire fully and in good

In this regard, I wish to point out that the Iraqi Government finds it difficult to accept the way in which the ceasefire is described in your paper, that is: "As a preliminary and provisional step. providing a breathing space for negotiations of more lasting agreements.

The Iraqi Government believes that, in view of the basic objectives of Resolution 598 which is: "To achieve a comprehensive settlement, between Iran and Iraq," an immediate ceasefire will be only one of the two aspects of the This government is prepared also first step towards achieving the to cooperate with the head of said settlement through negotia- military observers whom you will

Connected with this is the other aspect of withdrawal with- observations and I wish to reiterout delay which can hardly be, ate to your excellency once again described as a provisional step. The full implementation of the to work with you and with the first step as a whole, as dictated Security Council for the achieveby the letter and spirit of the ment of a comprehensive, durresolution, means, and should be, able and just peace on the basis of a durable measure that should a true and faithful implementanot be influenced by any agree- tion of Resolution 598. ments reached between the two parties through the process of negotiation.

B) You also propose that:

"On a specific date after n day, which would have to be agreed upon, the withdrawal of all forces to the internationally recognised boundaries would start (to be completed within an agreed time).'

As stated in my letter of July 20 1987, the Iraqi Government sees that the withdrawal to the internationally recognised boundaries should be started on the day following the ceasefire and be completed within 10 days from D-day. Resolution 598 states that the withdrawal should take place without delay, and we explained to you during your visit to Baghwithdrawal operation.

These considerations are fully in line with the points contained ttached to your letter. in your paper. I referred in my
4. On the subject of the ceaseletter of July 22, 1987 to our which we were able to complete within 10 days without a ceasefire

being in effect. In order to create the right climate for peace as soon as possible and to provide an early opportunity for the discussion of the implementation of the other operative paragraphs in the resolution. Iraq reiterates this brief period for the withdrawal operation and stresses the necessity of taking the measures required to prevent all forms of procrastination and prevarication in the implementation and to keep the situation closely and tightly monitored by the United Nations

observers. C) You propose that: On D-day, a team of United

Nations observers would be despatched to verify, confirm and supervise the ceasefire and subsequently the withdrawal of all forces.

The Iraq Government is ready to cooperate with you and discuss all preparatory matters contained under this item in your paper. appoint to take up this task.

5. These are our preliminary our true desire and full readiness

Tariq Aziz, Deputy Prime Minister and Minister of Foreign Affairs

# Towards a unitary democratic state?

### **By Frank Collins**

THE secret meetings of Moshe Amirav, supported by other younger members of the Herut Party, with the Palestinian leaders Faisal Husseini, Sari Nussaiba and Salah Zuhaika (MEI 309) have raised a number of ques-tions including a revival of the issue of the formation of a unified democratic state in Israel and the occupied territories. This was evidently the topic to be explored when the meetings were sus-pended following their disclosure in the Hebrew newspaper Kol Ha'ir and the administrative detention of Faisal Husseini.

At almost the same time, Arafat sent his message to the Israeli leaders through DFPE Knesset member Charlie Biton in what seems to have been a related occurrence. While the message was quickly turned down by both Shamir and Peres and derided in the Hebrew press, it indicated the interest of the PLO in exploring completely new initiatives. Although these events may have no immediate outcome, the question of a unified democratic state with equal rights for Jews and Palestinians needs re-examina-

tion.
The very concept of the Jewish state carries with it the undeniable implication of Jews having a preferred status over all other people who live there. The preferred status of Jews is confirmed by the fundamental laws of the state of Israel which provide. among other things, the "law of return" for the exclusive benefit of Jews and the holding of 93 per cent of the land in Israel, and additional lands seized in the occupied territories, in "inalienable trust for the Jewish people."

In actual practice, the preferred status of the Jews under the laws of Israel means that the 800,000 Palestinian Arabs within Israel suffer rank discrimination with respect to civil rights. The 1.3 million Palestinians under occupation have few rights of any kind. Analogous states of affairs prevail in many countries throughout the world, but these countries are not normally classed as democratic. Israel can conthings that can be easily interpreted as racist or it can abandon the ideology and practice of Jewish civil superiority and establish equal rights for all in a truly democratic state.

However, in the search for a feasible diplomatic settlement of the conflict, the emphasis shifted some years ago to the idea of the separation of the two peoples as embodied in the "two-state" proposal, that is, the creation of a segmented Palestinian state in the presently occupied territories in peaceful coexistence with the existing Jewish state.

It is the idea of the two-state solution that underlies the present call for an international peace conference. But enormous difficulties lie in the way of getting such a conference together. there being no agreement on fundamental issues. These difficulties include the well-known dispute as to whether the Palestinians should be represented by the PLO or, as the United States wants, by a Jordanian delegation including some "moderate" Palestinians.

While Israeli Foreign Minister Peres tours the world advocating an international conference, no consensus exists in Israel for taking part in such a conference at all. The positions of the main parties are clear: The Labour Alignment would press for something like the Allon plan, yielding some portion of the territories to the Palestinians, under conditions that remain quite vague; Likud would not yield one square metre of the territories to anyone. The wide differences in the positions of those who would participate in the proposed international conference make it predictable that no conference will be held in any

Biton initiative represent the beginnings of such explorations.

reasonable time. Under these circumstances, it becomes clear why alternative approaches are being explored. The meetings between the Herut Party members and the Palestinian leaders, and the Arafat-

There are really only three possibilities: An indefinite proongation of the occupation, the

tinue with the present scheme of two-state solution and the unified democratic state. The problems of the occupation are well-known and will finally become intolerable as discontent keeps growing. The convening of the much discussed international conference to implement a two-state plan appears to be out of the question. This leaves the unified democratic state as the least explored option.

> At first sight, this option seems to be the least likely. Powerful forces of tradition and politics block the abandonment of the Jewish state. The Zionists talk about a "demographic time bomb" meaning the time when there will be more Palestinians than Jews in Israel and the occupied territories. The noted 'dove" Abba Eban says that giving the vote to the inhabitants of the occupied territories would allow a foreign nation to determine its parliamentary decisions "thus losing the vision of a Jewish

> The "demographic time bomb" accounts for the Israeli hesitancy in annexing the occupied territories. They are caught in a dilemma. The right-wing Israelis will not give up the occupied territories claiming that they are part of "Eretz Israel" but at the same time they cannot annex them because this would jeopardise Zionism. All this adds up to the expectation that the occupation could continue for a very long

> But this is an impossibility should the Palestinians increase their resistance to the occupation as indeed they are now doing.

The forces of history may be carrying the Israelis and the Palestinians in a common direction — toward a unified democratic state. Unlike the two-state solution which requires the convening of a peace conference for its implementation, the bringing into existence of a secular democratic state is an evolutionary process which requires no consciously planned moves to be made, much to the alarm of Zionists like Abba Eban.

- Middle East International,

# Weinberger: From budget-cutter liai's fall to budget booster

WASHINGTON (AP) — Caspar W. Weinberger, whose zealous budget-cutting more than a decade ago earned him the nickname "Cap the knife," has spent the last seven years promoting the biggest peacetime military spending increase in U.S. history.

The two roles for Weinberger, who sources say has decided to resign as President Ronald Reagan's defence secretary, were not as inconsistent as they might

As President Richard Nixon's

budget director, Weinberger's

appear at first glance.

principal budget-cutting targets were social programmes born during the administration of President Lyndon Johnson. He argued then, as he has throughout the Reagan administration, that military spending

of deep cuts he advocated in domestic spending. After taking over the Pentagon job in 1981, he presided over a record \$2 trillion military

should be exempt from the kind

buildup. Weinberger's seven years as defence secretary, just four months shy of Robert S. McNamara's record tenure in the 1960s, also have been marked by heightened U.S. military activity around the world.

The U.S. invasion of Grenada

in October 1983, the April 1986

air attacks on Libya and the

current buildup of U.S. forces in the Gulf all came with Weinberger at the helm. close friend of Reagan who in Iceland. shares the president's staunchly anti-Communist views, emerged

early as a strong voice within the administration. In doing so, he confounded conservative critics such as Howard Philips of the Conservative Caucus, who complained in 1981 that nominating a budget-cutter to the Defence Department job would "send all the wrong messages" to U.S. allies.

Instead, Weinberger aggresfrequently around the world to telligence staff.



visit American military installations and urge Western leaders to present a united front against the

In fact, it was Weinberger's deep suspicion of Soviet motives that led to an incident many observers saw as weakening his influence in the administration two years ago.

As Reagan travelled to Geneva in October 1985 for his first summit with Soviet leader Mikhail S. Gorbachev, someone leaked a letter from Weinberger to his boss strongly urging Reagan to resist Soviet pressure on arms control issues.

The letter was widely cited as evidence of disarray within the Reagan camp as the president sought to produce an arms control treaty. The summit ended inconclusively, and Weinberger was pointedly absent from last The 70-year-old Weinberger, a year's follow-up summit meeting

Weinberger's strong opposition to the administration's secret arms sales to Iran also puthim at odds with Reagan, but if the relationship forged between the two men in California state government in the 1960s sometimes bent, it never broke.

Weinberger earned a law degree from Harvard in 1941, then enlisted in the military as a private. By the end of World War II he was married to the former sively took the U.S. military's Jane Dalton and was a captain on message to those allies, travelling Gen. Douglas MacArthur's in-

Setting up a law practice in San Francisco after the war, he became involved in Republican politics. Weinberger served in the California assembly in the 1950s and, as a self-described "frustrated journalist," wrote newspaper columns on the side

In 1968, with Reagan in the governor's office. Weinberger was named California finanœ director. In January 1970 he was summoned to Washington to become the chairman of the Federal Trade Commission under Nixon. and that summer he joined the office of management and budget, first as deputy director." and then as director.

It was there that he won the nickname "Cap the knife" for his ruthless attacks on federal?

In February 1973, Weinberger WCAP became secretary of health, education and welfare, but he left the government in August 1975 to Jar work for the giant multi-national development company, Bechtel Corp., in California.

There he worked with George P. Shultz, who would become secretary of state under Reagan and an occasional Weinberger foe. in internal administration battles over military and diplomatic :

Despite his frequent clashes with the State Department, Weinberger succeeded in what he announced as his No. 1 goal when he took the defence job in 1981. That was a massive buildup of

American military might, and during the first years of the Reagan administration, U.S. military expenditures grew enormously.

Weinberger described Winston Churchill as "one of my great heroes," and he cited the British leader's early warnings in the 1930s about growing German: military power.

"He warned that Europe must rearm against the threat from the Germans, and he was right they barely did it in time. Weinberger said. "I am trying to emphasise the fact that I see some rather deadly parallels."

# Palestinians nurse grievances, flickering hopes of return

UNRWA.

war battles.

Christian and Shi'ite forces.

South Lebanon were pounded in

Israel's 1982 invasion, when

Christian militiamen massacred

hundreds of civilians in Sabra and

Since 1985, fighting between Palestinians and the Shi'ite Amal

militia has killed at least 2,500

"My legs were amputated when a shell hit me in Rashidiyeh

(a southern camp under Amal siege)," said Abdullah Safadi, a father of five. "We fled the camp because of the siege, but life outside was worse. We spend our lives in fear of the fearer."

Beirut's Bourj Al Barajneh

and Shatila camps, 90 per cent

destroyed in the fighting with

Women have been allowed out

lives in fear of the future.'

Amal, remain blockaded.

By Alistair Lyon

Reuter AMMAN — "All I remember is running from one house to the other. Never in my life have I felt at home. I fled Palestine with my parents when I was a small girl and I have fled a dozen times inside Lebanon, never settling down.

Fatima Fayoum's story of constant insecurity is commonplace in Lebanon's shell-scarred re-fugee camps. "I feel bitter, I want revenge on I don't know who, maybe the whole world," she-

After four decades on the run, she now lives with her five children in the small west Beirut camp of Mar Elias, swollen with fugitives from nearby camps besieged by Shi'ite militiamen.

Shantytowns like this, where refugees live 15 to a room, still house a third of the 2.2 million Palestinians registered with the United Nations Relief and Works Agency (UNRWA), which provides education and health services, and some food relief.

Degrees of squalor vary, but refugee settlements dotting Lebanon, Syria, Jordan and the Israeli-occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip are a reminder that the plight of those driven from their homeland when Israel was created in 1948 or in the Arab-Israeli war of 1967 remains an open sore in the Middle East. Being a refugee is not a dis-

nationalism are heard again and again, but some Palestinians strike a more wistful note. With every passing day, we feel Palestine is further away," Ali Abdelal, 26, a school teacher in South Lebanon, says. "What

worries us is that one day Pales-

tine will become a story that

grandmothers tell their grandchil-

Ritual expressions of fierce

our victorious return."

dren round the fireplace.' "I'm a Palestinian, but I feel more Lebanese. If I go back to Palestine I will feel like a stran-

ger," says Sabri Musa, 31. Since 1948 many displaced Palestinians have prospered in the diaspora. But for many refugees, the struggle to earn a living, to feed and educate their children, still dominates daily

In the West Bank and Gaza, the 818,000 UNRWA-registered refugees, who make up more than half the territories' Arab. population, also have to cope with Israeli occupation.

A majority of Gaza's 445,000 refugees huddle in tin-roofed shelters in crowded, flood-prone camps. Garbage rots in the mostly unpaved, treeless streets. The Israelis do not allow extensions to the two-room shelters housing up to 20 people.

In Jabalyah and Rafah camps. Damascus camp. "But disgrace Gaza's biggest with 50,000 residents each, population density rivals that of Calcutta. will befall those responsible for our miseries. We await the day of

UNRWA runs elementary and preparatory schools, with two shifts a day and around 50 children to a class.

The agency, with a staff of 4,000, is the biggest employer in Gaza. The fishing industry generates 1,000 jobs, but about 60,000 trek north daily to work as lowpaid labourers in Israel.

Nobody wants Gaza. Egypt, which ruled it from 1948-67 did not ask for it back in the 1978 Camp David accords with Israel.

"Gaza is Israel's Soweto," says a foreign relief worker. Like the black suburbs of Johannesburg, it is a source of cheap, plentiful labour denied civil and residence

The West Bank has fewer refugees, with 373,000 out of a Palestinian population of around 750,000, and only a quarter live in camps. Balata, near Nablus, is the biggest with 12,000.

Israeli security authorities see the camps, where children in their early teens often stage stone-throwing demonstrations, as centres of subversion and un-

An officer of Israel's Shin Bet security service supervises each shantytown. Palestinians say these chiefs, often known by Arab nicknames, exercise tyrannical power.

to buy food since Syrian troops deployed near the camps in April, but men are trapped in-Refugees cannot rebuild their shattered houses. Alleys are muddied by broken sewers and

there is no electricity or piped water. Shell-damaged hospital walls are patched with brickwork. Foreign doctors said refugees were reduced to eating cats and dogs at the height of the siege.

Residents rate the camps war as their worst experience since the

1948 exodus to Lebanon. Lebanon never granted Palestinians the civil rights they enjoy in Syria or Jordan, Palestinian women can acquire Lebanese nationality by marrying a

Lebanese but men cannot. The majority, who hold gov-ernment-issued cards identifying them as Palestinian refugees, cannot work in public service and need special permits to work in the private sector.

"Here we are only a working class," said Ahied Karshat, 40. We can't work in commerce or industry and most Palestinians now live on money from their sons in the Gulf Arab countries."

Almost all Jordan's 845,000 refugees 'are Jordanian citizens. Less than a third live in camps. An international relief worker said their lot was easier than in

In Arab states, conditions for other host-countries, thanks to refugees vary, but are most wretched in Lebanon, where liberal and stable regime.' 278,000 are registered with Those without citizenship, like

the 17,000 Gaza refugees at a Palestinian fighters use camps camp near Jerash, north of Amas power bases in parts of Lebaman, can get work as casual farm non. Down the years these have labourers in the Jordan Valley or borne the brunt of assaults by on construction sites. Israelis, Syrians and Lebanese

"Now some of us are getting citizenship, but this is still the poorest camp in Jordan," one resident said. "Unemployment is Three camps in Christian areas were razed during 1975-76 civil 30 per cent and people have no Others in west Beirut and the

hope, no prospects."
In one shack, flies crawls on the face of an infant wrapped in filthy blankets on the bare concrete floor. Two dozen people a jobless man, his two wives and their children — live within the cracked walls of two small rooms.

Syria's 257,000 registered refugees are denied nationality and voting rights to avoid prejudice to their right to return home, but otherwise are generally treated like Syrians.

what he called a "moderate, businesses, hold government jobs and perform compulsory military service.

Palestinian refugees, even those leading settled lives in Syria or Jordan, generally express in-

tense national feelings.
"Like most Palestinians, my ambition is to have an identity, a country of our own and an end to massacres," said Mohammad Darwish, 32, in Lebanon. "We want a real feel of freedom."

Palestinian parents teach their children minute details of villages they left 40 years ago, down to the trees and flowers. Despite the carefully-instilled traditions, some younger Palestinians find it hard to relate to an unknown homeland.

'The generation that fled Palestine doesn't stop dreaming about going back," said Ahmed, 25. "But how can I dream of Palestine when I have never seen it or drunk its water?"

# Randa Habib's

## ... And Randa said 'Let there be dialogue...'

THE other day I said to myself that the basic problem of humanity was the lack of dialogue.

If people talked openly to each other and listened earnestly, to what the other party has to say, then so many problems would be solved. And this is especially true when it comes to people from the same race, who share the same beliefs. Why should they choose to be enemies and not friends? Instead of building walls people should dismantle existing ones. They should listen to each other without suspicion; accept the fact that there is another side to the truth than one's own. People should try to understand others deeply. calmly; their aims, their motives and the reasons for their actions. They should not be quick to condemn and, if necessary, should be ready to forgive.

Let dialogue be open, bearing in mind that the purpose is to get closer in order to get stronger. Don't you feel that one can conquer the world when he or she knows that he or she has a friend to trust and rely on? Mistrust is a reason for unhappiness and unhappiness is a cause of weakness

I pray that the Arab leaders who will gather soon under the beautiful sky of Jordan will share my hopes for a healthy dialogue.

# Dubai's falcon doctors minister to a gap in time

By Jeffrey Bartholet

DUBAI - An old bedouin recently emerged from the desert into this cement, glass and neon city on the Gulf coast carrying a favourite falcon which had fallen

He went straight to Americans David and Cheryl Remple who run a hospital in Dubai for the prized hunting birds. "He'd never been in a hospital

before," recalled Cheryl. "When we tried to explain what we had to do, he said he'd just as soon let the bird loose for certain death. It was too

confusing for him.' The Remples work on the border between the old and the new. their modern hospital catering for birds at the centre of a centuries-

If a falcon dies in the Remples' care, "the bedouin always say 'it's God's will, don't worry about ' said David.

"But the flip side is, no matter how hard you work and no matter what a hero you are, when the falcon gets better, it's God's will

In the past, falcons were caught during their autumn migration from Russia to Africa, and then trained to hunt other desert fowl during the winter months.

Before the fatal heat of summer arrived, they were released for the journey back to cooler

Today, falconry is more a sport than a means of subsistence. Most falcons are bought rather than caught — for prices ranging up to tens of thousands of dollars. Royal family members buy

Falconry is one of the few traditions left from a spartan nomadic life which, until a few decades ago, afforded little lei-

> It remains, along with camelracing, an ethusiasm pursued as ardently by the old bedouin of the desert as by city-dwellers made fabulously rich through oil.

"We get guys in here who used to fight in the tribal camel wars and this kind of stuff," said Lindsay Oaks, a native of Colorado who works as a part-time veterinarian in the hospital set up by Dubai's ruling Maktoum family.

Much has changed in the desert and the bedouin now usually travel by pick-up truck. But the truck will be parked in the sand outside the tent, and matters such as disease and death are still traditionally left in God's hands.

scores of birds and give or loan. them to friends and acquaint-

Airconditioning allows falconers to keep their prized birds all year round, and modern science keeps the falcons healthy.

The Remples came to Dubai from the United States in 1983 on a three-month mission to start the hospital for Sheikh Hamdan, one of the Maktoum royalty, in answer to an advertisement in a U.S. iournal.

They later accepted the sheikh's invitation to stay in

"I've got a good boss, the best I ever had," said David. "Sheikh Hamdan is more a father figure than anything — a real gent-

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# old Arab passion. Fragrance frontiers: Babies, elderly, athletes, Third World

By Charles Campbell

The Associated Press PARIS — Top-quality perfume sales are stagnant, and the freshest ideas in fine fragrance include reaching out to new customers from babies to athletes to the unperfumed masses of the Third World.

Leaders in the 8-billion-dollar business met Tuesday for the third biennial International Perfume Conference — a succession of slide shows, throbbing music, statistical reports and panel discussions on the future of smelling

Perfume is not just something for elegant ladies or men about

"Perfume for babies — that seems crazy," Philippe Maubert of the French fragrance company Roberter told the Associated Press during a break.

"But what happens when a baby is born?" he asked. "You give a present. Why should it be a shirt? Why shouldn't it be a bottle of perfume?"

The morning began with a sound-and-light show spread over the Palais de Congres's three

giant screens, showing that North America and Europe still account for 78 per cent of the perfume

industry's sales. "The rest of the world - considered in the 1970s as the Eldorado of the year 2000 - has not seen the perfume explosion that was counted on," a recorded voice-over in French said.

Although the "rest of the world," accounts for 87 per cent of the population, those people only spend 30 cents per year on

The value of worldwide perfume sales was 7.93 billion in 1986, up 36 per cent from 1980.

But Spiro Coutarelli, director of research for the Swiss company European Forecasts, told the conference that soaring prices for perfume masked a decline in the

actual amount sold. "While the worst is probably over, the unit decline continues,

Coutarelli said. "What we should be looking for is new niches," said Antony Griffiths, president of the U.S. subsidiary of the Japanese firm Takesago International Fragr-

"There's no reason we can't develop a fragrance that's especially for old people," he said during one of the debates.

Griffiths said fear of Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome (AIDS) could harm perfume lines brought out in recent years with an image suggestive of casual sex. "AIDS has made promiscuous

sex something very dangerous," he said. "I think we're going to see a lot less sex in fragrance." Lindsay Owen-Jones, vice

president of L'oreal, the world's largest perfume manufacturer. told the final session that he found "absurd" the suggestion the perfume market is saturated. "Enormous continents exist

that we've hardly touched," he said. "I think of the Soviet Union. I think of China.' For all the gloom, there was little concern about the impact of

crashing stock prices around the

"Whenever there is economic uncertainty and the stock market is down, that's when people buy fragrances, for themelves and for others," said Leonard Lauder, president of Estee Lauder Inc.



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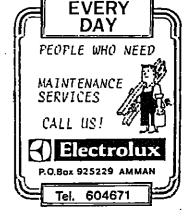
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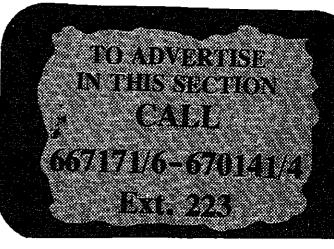


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Trial date

Olympian in

steroid scandal SAN DIEGO, California (R) -

British Olympic athlete David

Jenkins will stand trial in March

on charges that he masterminded

a 70 million-dollar-a-year black

market in body-building anabolic

Jenkins, who spent more than

steroids, a judge ruled on

set for

**British** 

Tuesday.

# Brisk start to 9th chess battle between Kasparov and Karpov

SEVILLE, Spain (R) — World chess champion Garry Kasparov and challenger Anatoly Karpov launched briskly into the ninth game of their all-Soviet title match on Wednesday, rattling off 15 moves each in the first 10 minutes.

Indian brokers turn to figuring

cricket odds amid listless market

BOMBAY, India (AP) — The on the basis of anonymity.

Experts said the speed of play clearly indicated both players his favourite gruenfeld defence, a were carefully prepared and relatively solid opening system. would be well armed for the

approaching battle. Karpov, 36, had the advantage of the white pieces and advanced his queen pawn forward two

trading ring at the Bombay Stock

Exchange is about as crowded as

usual. but instead of watching

share fluctuations the brokers

gather at two large television sets

Their interest has shifted from

India's listless stocks to the World

Cup Cricket Tournament, Money

is still changing hands at the exchange, but brokers appear to

be channelling some of their spe-

culative urges to betting on the matches, even though such gamb-

Live telecasts and the playing of

the World Cup for the first time

in India and neighbouring Pakistan have apparently fuelled the

Brokers and bookies familiar

with the scale of wagers estimate

that throughout India as much as

10 billion rupees, or about \$770

million, will be bet by the time all

27 World Cup matches are

Diamond and gold dealers and

the brokers, most of whom talked Cup started.

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horse race fans also are making

high stakes bets on cricket, said

they bought last month.

ling is illegal in India.

interest.

Kasparov, 24, responded with

Kasparov's 14th move deviated from the path followed in games five and seven, forcing a more open position. But Karpov did not appear surprised by the new approach and both players con-

"I have never seen such in-

terest in one-day cricket when

India is not playing," said Arun Shah of Jasvantlal Chhotalal and

Co., a brokerage firm. "Because

of bearish trends and a low trade

volume (at the Bombay ex-

change), interest in cricket is phe-

While most of the world's stock

markets were hit with wild gyra-

tions in prices the past two weeks.

the Bombay exchange was insu-

lated because it deals only in

The Exchange, India's largest,

has been in a slump for months

because expectations that Prime

Minister Rajiv Gandhi would free

regulation did not pan out.

business from strict government

The Exchange's index of 30

shares has fallen more than 100

points over the last half year to

interest from bulls and bears to

kiwis and kangaroos — as the New Zealand and Australian

cricket teams are known - began

in early October as the World

The brokers said the shift in

Indian companies.

around 450.

tinued to move at a rapid pace. As play entered the middlegame phase experts judged the position to be roughly equal but with more possibilities open to

Andersson said Karpov had a chance of a lingering edge. "It is a nice position for white," he

Kasparov has remained loyal to the gruenfeld defence, although he has yet to win using it against his great rival Karpov.

defence in 1986, Karpov has scored nine draws and four wins

Kasparov tied the present series at 4-4 with a win in the Swedish grandmaster Ulf eighth game on Tuesday. So far each player has two wins, with the other four games ending in

Victory in the match will go to the first player to win six games or total 12-1/2 points. In the event of a 12-12 tie Kasparov, as champion, would retain the crown.

### Mistrial in Calgary ticket manager's case

tried on fraud charges next year after a mistrial was declared Tuesday by court of Queen's Bench judge. Mr. Justice John Dea made the ruling after crown prosecutor Bruce Fraser, looking haggard and pale, said his pneumonia made it impossible to continue the trial. Dea said a new trial date will be set Nov. 10. after which a new jury will be chosen. McGregor, 38, is charged with two counts of fraud, two counts of mischief, one of forgery and one of dealing with a forged document in an alleged Olympic ticket scam last year. He is charged with making a false ticket order package and telling would-be buyers that tickets to the games were to be purchased with U.S. funds through World Tickets Inc., a company he owned. He is also accused of erasing a computer list of about 8,000 names and addresses of people who inquired about buying games tickets.

### World soccer star to play in Saudi Arabia

JIDDA. Saudi Arabia (AP) — Argentine-born soccer star Diego Maradona is scheduled to play for Jidda's Ahli Club against a so-far undetermined European club Nov. 11, Saudi Arabian Saudi Gazette daily reported that negotiations were under way with the Dutch team Ajax, Real Madrid of Spain and Bordeaux of France to take part in the festival. The club intends to have basketball, handball and volleyball competitions during its weeklong jubilee.

### Imran condemns 'assault' of team official

LAHORE, Pakistan (R) — Imran Khan, Pakistan's World Cup Cricket captain, has condemned the alleged assault of a team official in the presence of an army colonel during the match against West Indies in Karachi last Friday. Imran said on Monday the matter should be taken up with President Mohammad Zia-Ul-Haq who is due to watch Pakistan's semifinal match against Australia here on Wednesday. Imran said a colonel in the coast guards, an army unit, was "not only rude but had a hand in the beating up" of Ghulam Mohammad, the team's assistant liaison officer. Imran said he had told Ghulam not to allow visitors into the dressing room. Ghulam was beaten up by some of the colonel's men when he asked the officer to leave the room. The Pakistan captain said the whole team had condemned the incident and demanded an inquiry.

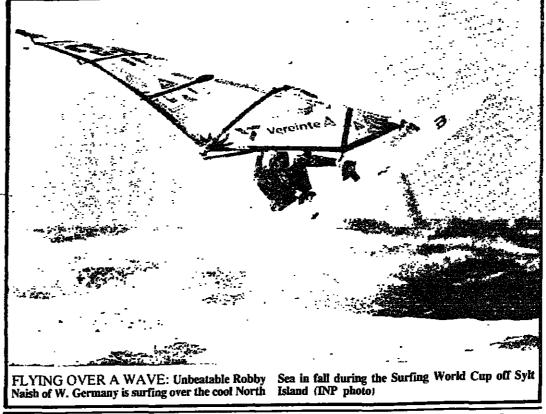
### French climbers scale Himalayan peak

## SPORTS IN BRIEF

EDMONTON, Alberta (AP) — Jim McGregor, former ticket manager for the 1988 Calgary Winter Olympics, will likely be

officials have reported. Club president Prince Khaled Ibn Abdullah said the contract for Maradona to take part in Ahli's golden jubilee festival was signed Sunday. The English-language

KATMANDU, Nepal (AP) — Two French climbers have scaled the 7,710-metre (25,289-foot) Mount Kumbhakarna, Nepal's tourism ministry said Tuesday. The ministry said Pierre Beghin, 38, of Le Sappey, and Eric Claude Decamp, of Camp Pres Froges, reached the summit on Oct. 25. Beghin is the leader of a five-member French team operating on the mountain.



# U.S. baseballers earn more in bonuses than in salary — study

NEW YORK (AP) — Lance Parrish of the Phillies got one hit in four times at bat in a 9-3 loss to the Atlanta Braves on July 12 and made \$200,000 for it.,

That same afternoon, Andre Dawson of the Chicago Cubs was 1-for-4 in a 12-0 loss to the Los Angeles Dodgers. He made

Both incentive bonus clauses in their contracts that added substantially to their salaries if they were not injured by certain points of the season.

A study of baseball salaries published in Tuesday's editions of the New York Times and contract details obtained by the Associated Press reveal that several players earned more in bonuses than they did in salary in the big-bucks world of professional

According to the Times, there

Jim Rice, Eddie Murray, Mike Schmidt and Gary Carter.

The \$200,000 Parrish received for being in that July 12 game was a bonus for not being on the disabled list by the all-star break. and it made him a 1987 millionaire. His salary was \$800,000.

Parrish and Dawson were the only two premier free agents who changed teams last season. Dawson took a \$1-million pay cut to sign a \$500,000 contract with the Chicago Cubs, the team he wanted to play for. He earned an extra 150,000 when he did not go on the disabled list before the all-star break and another \$50,000 when he was named to the national league all-star team.

He led the major leagues with

than \$1 million and six of them lead with 49 home runs. He is made more than \$2 million — almost certain to file for salary Dan Quisenberry, George Brett, arbitration. But because of owner's desires to reduce salaries, Dawson had to take a huge payeut to switch teams. Ken Dayley of the St. Louis

Cardinals and Bryn Smith of the Montreal Expos also were released by their teams following the 1986 season and re-signed for a decreased salary with large

jor league minimum. But he made 250,000 in bonuses for appearances, according to his

the minimum \$62,500 according to the times. But by making 26 2-3 and six innings per start, he earned \$404,219 in bonuses.

orange jell-o.

Ecstatic

Pursue

Speak

were 57 players who made more 137 runs batted in and tied for the

Dayley signed a \$75,000 contract, just \$12,500 above the mathrough.

Smith signed with Montreal for

starts and averaging between 5 Charlie Kerfeld of the Houston Astros had perhaps the most un-

usual contract in baseball. He made \$110,037 and 37 boxes of

# before judge J. Lawrence Irving Three other defendants failed to after granting a special prosecutor's request that the trial be

their constitutional right to speedy trial. "The indictment spells out an extensive conspiracy that originated in California and expanded to Mexico, where the steroids

were produced, before being smuggled to San Diego and distributed throughout the country," Justice Department Prosecutor Raymond Phillips told the judge. Jenkin's lawyer Robert Grimes and U.S. attorney Philip Halpern had been discussing a plea-bar-

gain for Jenkins. Justice Department sources said, but Halpern is busy with another trial and chances of an early deal fell MOON "A deal is still within the realm

ters after the brief hearing. He refused to elaborate. Jenkins, who was European 400-metres champion in 1971 and

Munich Olympic Games, could be sentenced to up to 60 years if convicted on all charges. A plea-bargain, in which he would testify against more than

## Samaranch to visit South Korea symposium." a cultural program-

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SEOUL, South Korea (AP) -Juan Antonio Samaranch, president of the International Olympic Committee (ICO), will visit South Korea Nov. 16-19 to oversee the progress of the 1988 Seoul Olympics, the organising commit-

tee said Wednesday. During his stay, Samaranch will be briefed on the Seoul Games and inspect sports facilities, including a swimming pool under construction at the Olympic Park in Southern Seoul, officials said.

The Seoul park will be a venue for five Olympic sports — gymnastics, cycling, weightlifting, tennis and swimming. Facilities for all but swimming have been completed.

The officials said Samaranch will also donate a Spanish sculpture to the "open-air sculpture

Location: 5th Circle area.

tures from more than 70 National Olympic Committees (NOCs) to be displayed outdoors at the Olympic Park.
The IOC president was not

me of the Seoul Games.

expected to talk to Seoul officials about North Korea's long-standing demand to co-host the Olympics. they said.

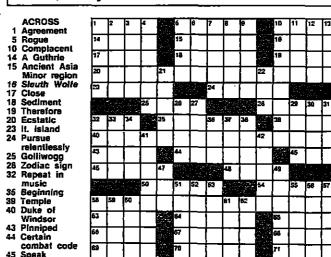
The symposium calls for sculp-

South and North Korea have held four rounds of talks on the co-hosting issue under the IOC's sponsorship, but little progress has been made.

In what was described as a final offer last June, Samaranch proposed that North Korea hosts

women's volleyball, table tennis, archery, men's 100-kilometre road cycling and some soccer preliminaries.

# THE Daily Crossword by Samuel K. Fliegner



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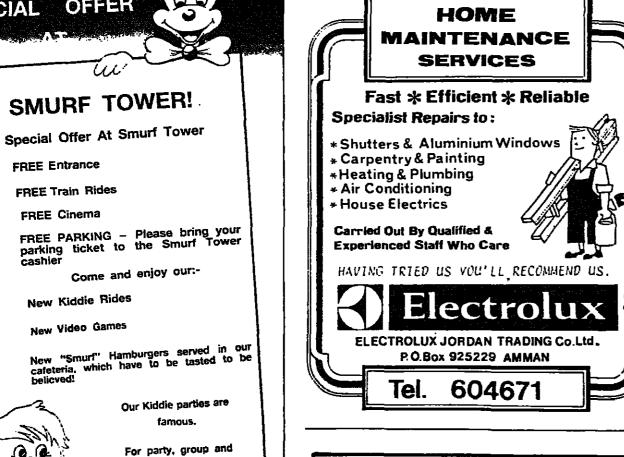
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### **DELUXE FURNISHED APARTMENT** FOR RENT

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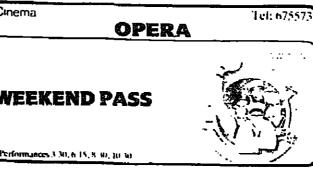
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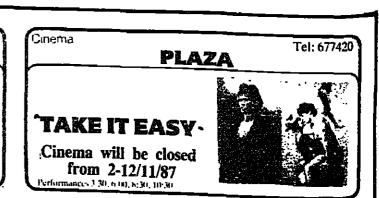












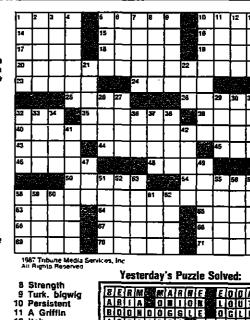
four months in jail before being released on \$750,000 bail in September, appeared with 14 co. defendants in a motions hearing

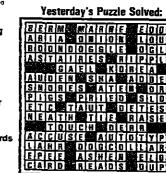
declared complex, allowing the government to proceed against the defendants without violating

of possibility," Grimes told Reu-

won a silver medal in the 1972

30 others named in a 110-count indictment, could limit his sentence about five years, legal





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# U.S. reassures Israel of no slash in aid

TEL AVIV (AP) - A top U.S. defence official met with Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir and assured him U.S. aid to Israel would not be slashed despite proposed cuts in the U.S. federal budget, a Shamir aide said Wednesday.

Assistant Secretary of defence Richard Armitage and Mr. Shamir also discussed U.S. compensation to Israel for scrapping the Lavi fighter plane in line with U.S. wishes, said Shamir aide Avi Pazner. The Armitage visit came at a time of Israeli concern that Washington might cut aid to Israel to reduce the U.S. budget deficit and stabilise the economy shaken by the Wall Street crisis.

Israel currently receives \$3 billion a year from Washington, including \$1.8 billion in military aid. "He (Mr. Armitage) calmed our fears, but now we have to see

what Congress will do," said Pazner. In the meeting on Tuesday, Mr. Armitage assured Mr. Shamir that

U.S. aid to Israel would remain constant for the next two years, Pazner said. U.S. officials gave such assurances earlier this year as an incentive

for Israel to drop the mainly U.S.-funded Lavi project which had run Pazner said Mr. Armitage and Mr. Shamir also talked about other

Lavi compensation measures, including the purchase of U.S.-built F-16 jet fighters to serve as substitutes for the Lavi, aid to Israeli industry and joint U.S.-Israeli industrial projects. Pazner would not elaborate.

### LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following were the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midday on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Wednesday.

One Sterling

1.7475/85 1.3225/35 1.7088/95 1.9215/25 1.4090/4100 35.73*1*78 5.8200/50 1262/1263 136.85/95 6.1275/1325 6.4450/4500

6.5950/6000 U.S. dollars

One ounce of gold 467.00/467.50

U.S. dollars Canadian dollar West German marks Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs Italian lira Japanese yen Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns Danish crowns

### LONDON STOCK MARKET

LONDON (R) - U.K. shares staged a limited rally after surprise news of a half-point cut in U.K. base lending rates to nine per cent, but a decline on Wall Street caused some hesitation and dealers said the interest rate fall was largely discounted.

The FTSE 100 index quickly rose 10 points but soon resumed its fall before rallying to stand around 15 points above its worst level on the day. Dealers reported little real buying, saying worries about the U.S. budget and trade deficits were still paramount with no news emerging from negotiations between the White House and congressional negotiators.

Dealers here said it would take more than a half-point cut in U.K. base rates to turn market sentiment. There was some disappointment that the reduction was not a full one point but

even this may not have had a great effect on the market.

Operators had expected U.K. Chancellor of the Exchequer Nigel Lawson to give some clue to his interest rate policy in his Mansion House speech Wednesday night and said they were now looking for an explanation from Lawson as to his thinking.

Most in the market had expected any fall in U.K. interest rates to form part of a coordinated international move, but this was seen as dependent on U.S. action to cut its deficits.

FORECAST FOR THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1987

# YOUR HOROSCOPE

From the Carroli Righter Institute

GENERAL TENDENCIES: Focus your attention on financial and material matters and make those mundane decisions which you tend to put off. People around you are concerned primarily with themselves, so listen more

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Look into new modes of expression in your business life; opportunities abound. If you need advice, listen only to qualified opinions.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) If

you're unwilling to compromise a little, you could have quite an argu-ment with a stubborn partner. Be

careful in motion of any kind. GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Find a way to remove obstacles and other restrictions which have been impeding your progress. Avoid a talkative ne'er-do-well.

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to Jul. 21) Improve relationships with old friends you baven't seen for

old friends you haven't seen for some time. Be sure you drive with the utmost care tonight.

LEO (Jul. 22 to Aug. 21) Plan your schedule carefully so you'll spend as much time at home as at work, while neglecting neither. Pay attention to your health.

VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Many changes are in the offing, so

GENERAL TENDENCIES: This is a bad time to take any risks where money or property matters are concerned, but rather check your debits and credits to see that they are correct. Avoid being too egresive with associates. ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Re-

check any facts and figures given to you by others. Don't allow a time-wasting friend to throw you off schedule and ruin your mood. TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Don't be so critical of yourself; if you look a bit more carefully, you'll see that you're actually "head-andshoulders above the crowd.

GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) A greedy acquaintance may be eyeing your possessions, but don't make any hesty accusations. Think along more constructive lines.
MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to

Jul. 21) Give advice, but don't become personally involved in a friend's financial problems. Don't overspend your budget tonight.

1.EO (Jul. 22 to Aug. 21) Before you correct what anomaly he are error to be an error.

you correct what seems to be an error, check to be sure it's not actually correct. This is not a good time to ask favors — rely on yourself. VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22)

Don't rush into any new projects today. Remember the turtle and the hare, and proceed alowly and surely. Get planty of sleep tonight.

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22)

Schedule your day carefully this
morning so you'll have plenty of
time to handle all of your responbe prepared for them even though they may happen slowly. Be more practical in your thinking. LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Take a good look at the state of your budget. Chances are you'll see it needs some serious revision. Try to

economize more in the future. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21)

You are very determined to get your way today, but you'll find that another person is just as eager. Keep your temper in public. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Listen to the advice of a co-worker who you usually have no use

for. This person can point out something you've been overlooking. CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 29) A new course of action can help your success if you use a little charm to get it under way. Enjoy the company of friends tonight. AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Focus your attention on the domestic scene today. Take your family out for dinner or some enter-

tainment this evening.
PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) A close friend will introduce you to some contacts who can be of istance to you in the days ahead. Be friendly and sociable.

FORECAST FOR FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1987

sibilities. Don't waste time.
SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) A
stubborn associate may be opposed
to your plans right now, so wait until a more propitious time. Be very
precise in handling your work.
SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Keep your poise during some tense situations today. Do not irritate your co-workers. Your key

word today is "caution." CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Don't postpone any promises you've made just because you want to have a good time, or you're spt

to get into trouble later.
AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19: Much patience will be required at home today. Losing your temper will only add fuel to the fire. Don't invite guests in this evening. PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Be

sure you state your meanings clearly when handling correspondence. Don't take any foolish risks today, and be very careful while driving.

If Your Child Is Born Today He or she should be impressed with an open minded, non-prejudiced point of view wille young since it would be difficult to change this type of attitude later. Your progeny will be very practical in nature, and will have a fine understanding of psychology.

"The Stars impel; they do not compel." What you make of your life is largely up to you!

② 1987, McNaught Synd.

# Dollar edges up but stocks slump in nervous markets

LONDON (R) — The dollar edged back from all-time lows against several leading currencies on Wednesday, but stock markets around the world fell as investors remain gloomy about prospects for the global economy.

midsession below their value at the time of the Big Bang deregulation just over a year ago, while the Tokyo market, closed on Tuesday for a public holiday, dropped 1.3 per cent on Wednesday.

The dollar steadied just below 137 yen and 1.71 West German marks in Europe on Wednesday morning. After the West German central bank bought \$100.6 million to boost its value, the U.S. currency was fixed in Frankfurt at 1.7090 marks.

On Tuesday, the dollar had hit a post-war low of 135.95 yen and was quoted during the course of trading at 1.6995 marks, matching an all-time low.

Gold, a haven for investors when the dollar is weak, firmed to be fixed in London on Wednesday morning at \$467 an ounce, up \$2.75 but still well off the afternoon setting of \$481 on

'Black Monday", Oct. 19. "All the worries about the U.S. budget and trade deficits and the weak dollar have resurfaced," said one London stockbroker. "I have never seen such a nervous market.

Few investors seem to feel it is worth buying either dollars or takes concrete steps to cut its budget and trade deficits and until countries running big trade surpluses, notably West Germany, boost their economies.

Washington and Bonn continues, many investors are betting that central bankers have secretly agreed to let the dollar slide. That is why they feel free to bail out of dollars, too.

"The U.S. feels that's the only way it can pressure the Germans to finally take steps to expand," said Mr. Sykes Wilford, an economist at merchant bankers Drexel Burnham Lambert, in London.

"The idea is to make the Deutschemark so strong that you even get other Europeans calling for expansion," he said.

On Tuesday, the Dutch, central bank cut interest rates by one quarter of a percentage point, the sort of move U.S. officials are urging on West Germany's Bun-

Some economists see the Bank of France's move to loosen its reins a bit on the value of the franc within the eight-nation European Monetary System (EMS) as part of an effort to increase pressure for West German expansion.

But in Tokyo, some economists say Japanese and West German firms have weathered the dollar's slide fairly well, which could mean there is less pressure on the governments to do much to stop the U.S. currency sliding further.

London stocks had fallen by in West Germany think the Bundesbank is willing to let the dollar slide more, even as economists worry that a weak dollar is starting to bite the country's exportled economy.

> A weak dollar gives American exports an edge when dollar prices are converted into local currencies. It also forces up the price of imports to the United

> The Bank of France action could have the same effect — and France is a major market for neighbouring West Germany.

Frankfurt shares have been sliding all week, and one broker said: "There is a lot of fear because of the dollar." The Boersen-Zeitung 30-share index fell 2.4 per cent to a 1987 low of 296.61.

The gloom spread to London. too, where the benchmark Financial Times Stock Exchange (FTSE) 100-share index fell below its value on the day, Oct. 27. 1986, when the Big Bang deregulation transformed London's stock exchange.

That sweeping reform, named for a theory of astronomers on the creation of the universe. opened the market up to outsiders, including foreign banks, and shares until the United States so cut the cost of dealing. It helped encourage millions of Britons to play the market.

But the FTSE's 4.96 per cent, or 82.1 point, slide to a morning low of 1,571.8 on Wednesday And as the tug-of-war between suggested that many of these newcomers to the market, who bought shares since Big Bang and held on to them, have lost money.

The FTSE's value on Big Bang day was 1,586.2.

To see the gains of the year wiped out is very depressing," said one dealer. "If this mood continues and we get some bad news it could easily turn into another dramatic rout. Paris, Zurich and Milan shares

all fell. Amsterdam's CBS All Share index set a 1987 low. In Tokyo, the Nikkei 225-share fell 298.07 points, or 1.3 per cent, to 23.060.33. Shares fell sharply

in Hong Kong and Sydney and eased in Singapore.

Japan's finance minister calls for quick action

Japan's finance minister Wednesday called for quick action by the United States to reduce its budget deficit in order to stabilise currency rates.

Mr. Kiichi Miyazawa suggested that European countries have been hesitant to intervene fully in currency markets to support the dollar because of concern about U.S. willingness to deal with its budget deficit.

Speaking at a news conference, the finance minister said other countries want the United States Bankers and currency analysts to find a solution quickly to its

Asked if the dollar's decline would hurt Japan's economy, Mr. Miyazawa said, "It's not good for the Japanese economy and we're trying to cope with the situation."

Mr. Kunihiro Ono, a spokesman for Nomura Securities, said investors Wednesday were selling a wide range of export-oriented stocks because of the falling dollar, which tends to make Japanese exports more expensive and therefore less competitive.

"The Tokyo market is likely to remain weak until the dollar stabilises," he said.

Sell orders in Tokyo outnumto-one when the stock market opened Wednesday, with fore-igners accounting for about 90 per cent of the shares offered for sale, according to a survey by Nikko Securities reported by

Kyodo News Service. Turnover in the market's first section totalled an estimated 300 million shares during the morning

After opening at 137.20 yen, a record low for the Tokyo foreign exchange market, the dollar moved as low as 136.80 yen during morning trading, despite intervention by the Bank of Japan, which bought more than \$150 million in the first 75 minutes after the market opened, according to estimates by traders.

The U.S. currency then edged up, closing the morning at 137.00

The previous record low for the dollar in Tokyo was set April 27, when the dollar momentarily hit 137.25 yen.

### Reagan says he is determined to end deficit 'menace'

In Washington President Reagan said on Tuesday he was determined to deal with the menace of deficit spending as White House and congressional negotiators entered their seventh day of talks on reducing the federal budget deficit.

But while reaffirming that everything was on the table in the negotiations except social security. President Reagan cited with apparent approval a warning by some economists that higher tions as "falling apart."

taxes could chill the economy.

President Reagan said the stock market slide "is one warning we can't afford to ignore. One way or another, we're going to put the public menace of deficit spending behind bars," he said.

But without mentioning directly Democratic moves to impose new taxes as part of a deficit reduction package, President Reagan quoted a New York Times article last week as saying that new taxation could "chill the economy, reduce personal and business incomes, and thus lower

tax receipts. The cure for the twin budget bered buy orders by almost two- and trade deficits "may be worse than the disease," President Reagan said.

Saying some felt that it was time to "isolate ourselves in a darkness of protectionism," President Reagan announced that 38 senators had "signed up... to make sure our trade message remains one of openness, fairness and, yes, productiveness,

In a letter to President Reagan. released by the White House, the 38 senators said: "In the light of events in the stock market, we wish to assure you once again, Mr. President, that we will oppose the enactment of protectionist legislation which would have adverse consequences on

Congressional sources said the administration had tried but failed to get a stronger letter pledging outright to vote to uphold a possible presidential veto of trade legislation now pending in Congress.

President Reagan has promised to veto the trade bill if the administration is unable to persuade a joint House-Senate conference committee to eliminate what officials say are protectionist provi-

budget deficit negotiations earlier on Tuesday with congressional Republican leaders. White House spokesman Mar-

lin Fitzwater told reporters that President Reagan's chief of staff Howard Baker, a member of the negotiating team, "indicated that some progress had been made." The spokesman said it was in-

President Reagan and "everyone in the White House, is keenly aware of the fragility of the markets and of the need to seriously pursue these negotiations," the

spokesman said. Congressional Democratic crats wanting an even split. budget leaders proposed on Tuesday cutting the U.S. federal budget deficit by about \$80 billion over two years as a way to nudge "stalled" White House and

congressional talks into action. A congressional source said the Democrats offered a package to cut the deficit in the current government year — estimated as high as \$179 billion — by some \$30 billion and about \$50 billion in the next year starting Oct. 1. Senate Budget Committee Chairman Lawton Chiles and

House Budget Committee Chairman William Gray presented their plan to get the talks, now into the second week, moving, aides said.

The key first year goal of the negotiators is to cut at least \$23 billion in the first year. House Speaker Jim Wright, briefed on the plan by Mr. Gray, told reporters that the plan was "clearly more than \$23 billion this

year... and substantially more than that next year." The discussions were initiated as a way to get a unified agreement on reducing budget deficit,

which analysts said would help calm jittery financial markets. An aide to Mr. Chiles said the plan was designed to focus the talks onto a comprehensive package rather than attacking the

problem piecemeal. "Its intent is to move the talks along instead of arguing over any one proposal," he said.

But one Democratic negotiator, House Democratic leader, Mr. Thomas Foley, trying to lower expectations, said he did not President Reagan discussed the expect the bipartisan talks to produce any more than a \$24 billion reduction in the deficit over one

When the Chiles and Gray plan was discussed during the morning session, White House negotiators led by Treasury Secretary James Baker neither accepted nor rejected it, Mr. Foley, a Washington State Democrat, said. accurate to describe the negotia-"They didn't agree to it, they

One of the key differences between the White House and Democrats controlling Congress is the mix between taxes and spending cuts, with the Demo-

### Byrd doubts commitment

Senate majority leader, Mr. Robert Byrd, said Tuesday he does not believe the White Househas been negotiating seriously enough with Congress in their joint budget deficit-reduction talks.

"I'm not happy thus far" Mr. Byrd, an opposition Democrat, told reporters when asked whether he was satisfied with administration input at the talks.

"Before they make progress, they have to have the president acting in a way that is perceived by all as wholeheartedly engaging in the discussions," he said. Asked if that was lacking so far, he responded, "the answer to

that is yes.'

### Economist sees depression unless rich are taxed

Meanwhile, a controversial economist predicted a depression by 1990 unless taxes were raised for the wealthiest Americans, but his proposal was criticised by other economists on a Senate panel.

Mr. Ravi Batra, an economics professor at Southern Methodist University in Dallas and author of the best-selling book, "The Great Depression of 1990," said America's economic problems were due in large part to a growing concentration of wealth by a few very rich individuals.

"It (the book) argues that unless some reforms are immediately undertaken, the 1990s will experience an economic disaster dwarfing the Great Depression of the 1930s. This is a conclusion not shared by conventional economists," Mr. Batra told a hearing of the Senate Republican task force on the economy.

Mr. Batra called for a wealth tax on anyone with a net worth of \$2 million or more — about one per cent of the population which he said would raise \$250 billion to wipe out the federal didn't disagree to it, they asked budget deficit.

# Fear of Japanese oil embargo alarms Iran

TOKYO (R) - Iran is sending Iran. senior oil officials to talk to Japanese customers in the hope of averting any compliance with the U.S. call for an embargo on Iranian oil, industry sources said

on Wednesday. They said the visit by officials from the National Iranian Oil Company (NIOC), beginning on Thursday, had not been ex-

pected. "I think Iran is very concerned that Japan will join in the U.S. economic sanctions," said one Japanese refiner.

Last week, Japan officially turned down a U.S. request to cooperate in economic sanctions, including an oil embargo, against

But the Ministry of International Trade and Industry (MITI) asked Japanese oil companies not to increase purchases from Iran under long-term contracts and not to buy Iranian oil on the spot market, Japanese trading-house sources said.

Japanese companies have contracts to buy nearly 300,000 barrels per day of Iranian oil, some eight per cent of total oil imports. The current contracts mostly

expire at the end of December. "I think Iran wants to sound out the Japanese to see if they will renew their contracts in January," said a trader for a Japanese trading house.

"MITI hasn't mentioned anyshouldn't renew," he said. But he said neither MITI nor

the Japanese oil companies had a

clear idea what would happen in

January or what steps the United States might take next to encourage Japan to join its embargo. 'Japanese companies will not be able to commit themselves before they get prior approval from MITI, even if they get a very good offer from NIOC," the

trader said. The sources said it was possible that Iran would offer to discount Neither party has a clear idea the official selling prices of its crude oil to Japanese customers.

"They will probably ask us to thing so far about January but lift more crude," a Japanese remost Japanese believe we finer said. "But I hope Iran will not offer discounts at this time because we cannot increase our lines."

> official instruction from MITI but we know we cannot increase the volume from the contract level." One Japanese trading-house source said both MITI and the

"We have not received any

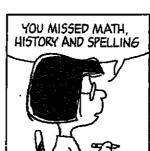
Japanese oil industry realised the issue was politically sensitive. "We are proceeding with this matter very carefully and slowly.

what we should do about it yet,"

# **Peanuts**









# Mutt'n' Jeff



## **Andy Capp**

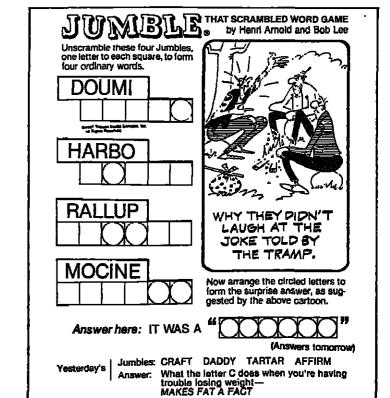








glazed doughnut ring.



# Kampuchean rivals sign outline of peace plan

FERE-EN-TARDENOIS, France (R) — Kampuchsan resistance leader Prince Norodom Sihanouk and Vietnamese-backed Prime Minister Hun Sen signed a four-point agreement on Friday aimed at accelerating efforts to end Kampuchea's civil war.

ners in Prince Sihanouk's tripartite guerrilla alliance, to join political negotiations to end nine years of guerrilla warfare.

It said Communist and non-Communist factions, whether pro-Vietnamese, pro-Chinese, or pro-Western, must get together immediately to build a new democratic, independent Kamouchea.

A text of the agreement was distributed to journalists.

It was the first signal from Phnom Penh's Soviet-backed, Vietnamese-installed government that it is ready to negotiate with the Chinese-backed Khmer Rouge ousted by Vietnam in 1978 and blamed for hundreds of thousands of deaths.

In an indication that the meeting in a luxury hotel in eastern France marked a major breakthrough in the Kampuchean stalemate, the two opponents said they would meet here again in January, three months earlier than originally scheduled.

WASHINGTON (AP) - A con-

gressional committee has unani-

mously approved a resolution

supporting the broad goals of

President Ronald Reagan's "Star

Wars" programme.
The resolution, prompted by

next week's U.S.-Soviet summit,

was passed Thursday by the Sen-

ate Appropriations Committee as

it approved a pair of bills approp-

riating money for foreign aid and

by senators with a wide range of

views on Star Wars, known for-

SANTIAGO (R) - A Chilean

army colonel kidnapped by leftist

guerrillas three months ago re-

turned home aboard the presi-

dent's private jet after his abduc-

Col. Carlos Carreno was im-

mediately whisked away aboard a

military helicopter to an army

Col. Carreno was freed in Sao

Paulo, Brazil, on Wednesday

night after his family distributed a

ransom of \$50,000 in food.

clothes and building materials to

13 Santiago slums last week.

Pass

What do you bid now?

A.—Suece partner has made a reverse bid, you are in a forcing auc-

tion. In the modern style, the only

regressive bid you have available

is two no trump and, in some se-

quences, a rebid of your own

sux—any other bid is game-forcing. Therefore, you need do no

more than bid three hearts now,

setting the suit. If partner simply

goes on to game, you are just worth

a one-bid or four spades to alert

3.2-Both vulnerable, as South

him to the possibility of a slam.

hospital under tight security.

tors freed him in Brazil.

The measure was co-sponsored

the Defence Department.

Senate panel unanimously

backs broad goals of SDI

The accord calls on the other statement, was celebrated with two parties to the conflict, part- champagne in an upstairs room of the 13th century converted castle where the former monarch has been meeting the 36-year-old Phnom Penh premier.

The agreement said that after "a historic meeting" the two sides had agreed that: The Kampuchean conflict

must be resolved politically, The Kampuchean problem must be settled by the Kampuchean people through negotiations between all parties to the conflict to halt bloodshed and rebuild an independent, sovereign and non-aligned country.

— As soon as an agreement emerges between the Kampuchean parties, an international conference will be called to guarantee Kampuchea's independence as well as peace and stability in South East Asia.

— The two parties agree to meet again in January 1988 at Fere-En-Tardenois.

The statement said the two nan originally scheduled. men would hold a third meeting
The accord, entitled a joint in the North Korean capital of

sponsors were Republican Sen.

James McClure, a strong suppor-ter of the programme, and Sen.

William Proxmire, an opposition

Democrat and equally vocal

The resolution said SDI

"should be a long-term and

robust research programme to

provide the United States with

expanded options for responding

to a Soviet breakout from the

1972 anti-ballistic missile treaty

and to respond to other future

Soviet arms initiatives that might

Pyongyang at an unspecified

13 die in

Rwanda

plane crash

NAIROBI, Kenya (AP) — A

private plane carrying 13 people.

including 11 American tourists,

crashed in a mountainous area of

north western Rwanda killing all

The Cessna 404 propeller-

driven aircraft was on a flight

from Goma, Zaire, to Nairobi

when it crashed Thursday after-

noon near the village of Kanama.

aboard, a Kenyan pilot and a Zairois," a spokesman at the

U.S. embassy in Nairobi said.

John Ouma-Daniel, an execu-tive with Cooper Skybird Air Charters of Nairobi, which own-

ed the plane, said a group of

Americans chartered the aircraft

on Nov. 30 for a safari to Zaire.

He said the plane was due back

"There were 13 people aboard

The victims names were not

Rwanda's government-owned

radio quoted witnesses as saying

the plane crashed into a tree and

the impact threw it against a hill

where the aircraft exploded in

named to U.N.

grievance body

UNITED NATIONS (R) - A

Romanian was recommended on

Thursday for appointment to a

U.N. staff grievance panel, de-

spite objections Romania itself

had violated rules by preventing a

U.N. official from returning to

Representatives of 20 countries

said they dissociated themselves

from a decision by the General

Assembly's Administrative and

Budgetary Committee recom-

mending that Ioan Voicu, a

Romanian nominated by the East

European group, be named to the seven-member U.N. Administra-

Western countries cited the

case of Liviu Bota, who was

summoned home to Bucharest in

November 1985 and prevented

from resuming his post as director

of the U.N. Institute for Dis-

armament Research (UNIDIR)

nmark, on behalf of the 12-nation

European Community; by New

Zealand, also on behalf of Au-

stralia and Canada; by Norway,

also on behalf of Sweden and

Iceland and by the United States

He was offered a new U.N.

contract at the end of 1986 but

was still barred from leaving

Romania, despite efforts by

Secretary General Javier Perez

assembly committee recom-

mended Mr. Voicu and Mr. Fran-

cisco Forteza of Uruguay to

three-year terms on the Adminis-

trative Tribunal beginning on

Acting without a vote, the

Objections were voiced by De-

his post in Geneva.

tive Tribunal.

and Japan.

de Cuellar.

being released, pending notifica-

12 passengers and the pilot,

They all were killed."

Thursday.

tion of relatives.

Romanian

"There were II Americans

aboard, officials said Friday.

It added: "On the basis of this accord and in the supreme interest of the Kampuchean nation. the two parties invite the other Kampuchean parties to join them at the negotiating table in order to reach a rapid settlement."

The agreement made no reference to any timetable for the withdrawal of Vietnam's estimated 140,000 troops backing the Hun Sen administration against Prince Sihanouk's rebel forces.

After raising his glass to the prime minister, Prince Sihanouk said: "If we do not reach an agreement in 1988, it will be in 1989 and we will see each other in Phnom Penh."

The 65-year-old prince, looking relaxed and cheerful, said:
"We have attained concrete results, the door is open, but there is still quite a way to go before reaching our goal. Together we will get there.'

Prince Sihanouk reiterated that any lasting solution depended on Kampuchea becoming a par-liamentary democracy rid of ev-

ery last Vietnamese soldier. There has been no response however, from the Khmer Rouge, the most powerful faction in Prince Sihanouk's rebel coali-

# Atlanta prison riot ends peacefully

ATLANTA (AP) — Freed hostages shook hands with former captors and then left a federal prison Friday, ending an 11-day uprising by Cuban inmates in a pact providing a moratorium on deportations of 3,500 Cuban detainees nationwide.

"Feels great," said former hos-tage Basil "Buddy" Levens, the first of the 89 hostages in line, as he moved toward his family.

The former hostages generally were in good shape and all declined medical treatment at a hospital, said Justice Department spokesman Tom Stewart.

Levens, a 44-year-old hospital administrator, walked out shortly after 1 a.m. (0600 GMT). Å cheer went up from waiting rela-tives and others who had been at the U.S. penitentiary throughout the siege, one of the longest in U.S. prison history.

The hostages, all prison workers, stepped into vans for a short trip to the warden's residence, tearful reunions and debriefings by the FBI.

"I feel very proud for my people," said Maria Herren, wife of a detainee. "They didn't hurt them, and I hope that those wives and those families over there that they already have their families, pray for us now."

Hostages said they were well treated by their captives.

"They were very good to us," Ellison McKnight said. "There was a time when I thought that this is it. ...(but) they wanted to make sure we stayed alive. They knew that if we stayed alive, they stayed alive."

Freedom came after Cuban detainee representatives and government negotiators signed an eight-point agreement that includes an indefinite moratorium on the return of any of the Cubans who arrived during the 1980 boatlift from the Cuban port of Mariel.

The two-page agreement is similar to one that ended the siege by Cuban inmates in Louisiana on Sunday.

Both grant permission for some inmates to go to any third country willing to accept them. They also guarantee medical treatment for inmates who need it and grant immunity from prosecution for damage at the prisons during the

rioting. Only the Atlanta agreement mentions U.S. Attorney General Edwin Meese III's proposed moratorium on deportations.

Six representatives of the 1,105 Cuban detainees and federal government negotiators signed the pact in a ceremony broadcast nationally. Attending were Auxiliary

Bishop Agustin Roman, a Cuban-born priest who was instrumental in ending the Oakdale, Louisiana, uprising, and Gary Leshaw, a lawyer who read the pact before it was signed.

tives to the election board.

Muslims hold first conference in China

Pakistan gathered in Peking on Friday to lecture Chinese believers for the first time under Communist rule — but said they aimed to avoid breaking China's ideological ban on foreign missionaries.

Religious leaders from Egypt, Ghana, Pakistan, Saudi Arabia, Sudan and Turkey met repre-sentatives of China's 35 million Muslims on the opening day of an Islamic gathering for preachers and preaching, organised by the Muslim World League.

League Secretary-General Abdullah Omar Naseef said in an opening address to 100 Chinese believers that Muslims could only regain their former supremacy in the world by adhering to the tenets of Islam.

"Islam has set down the basic rules of economics and politics that Muslims should adhere to," the Saudi Arabian said.

Officials of the Saudi Arabiabased league said the four-day conference was its first such meeting in a Communist country and the climax of China's thawing attitude to Islam.

Muslims were harshly perse-cuted during the country's Cultural Revolution from 1966-76. Saudi Arabia, which has pro-

vided the largest visiting contingent, has no diplomatic relations with China.

But the Muslim group has provided Chinese believers with

PEKING (R) — Muslims from books, foreign scholarships, aid the Middle East, Africa and for Mecca-bound pilgrims and

cash to build mosques since 1979. Mr. Naseef said there was "some sensitivity" in China over the conference, which Middle Eastern media earlier this week said would focus on missionary work and discuss studies by Islamic scholars.

Officials of China's Islamic Association said on Friday the "missionary" description was in-

"We receive help from Saudi Arabia and other countries, but we propagate Islam ourselves," said one. "We are not allowed to have foreign missionaries."

Kuwaiti Muslims provided

\$175,000 for the building of a mosque opened in the port city of Qinhuangdao last month. China's Islamic Association,

along with other state-sponsored religious bodies, urges its mem-bers to support Communist Party

Islam spread from the Middle East into China more than 1,000 years ago. Most present-day adherents belong to ethnic minorities in the north and west of the

Saudi organisers said the conference posed problems of communication, with most Chinese delegates able to read but not speak Arabic.

China now encourages links between its official Christian churches and foreign religious

# Sri Lankan deputy says Indians attacked civilians

COLOMBO, Sri Lanka (AP) --A curfew clamped on Batticaloa district following a wave of civilian deaths was lifted Friday morning, while an opposition parliament member charged that Indian soldiers had deliberately killed more than 40 civilians in the eastern district.

An Indian diplomat in Colombo and the Foreign Ministry in New Delhi denied any civilians were deliberately killed, saying Indian troops only fired back at Tamil rebels who attacked them.

Sri Lankan parliament member Haleen Ashak said Friday that Indian troops attacked the neigh-bouring villages of Otamawadi and Thiyaveddan and shot passengers on a bus on Thursday in revenge for the deaths of nine killed.

Indian soldiers in an ambush by Tamil rebels a day earlier. He maintained that more than

40 people were killed by Indian soldiers. Ashak, a member of the opposition Freedom Party, is a Muslim, as were many of those killed in the villages south of the city of Batticaloa.

A spokeswoman for the Indian High Commission said Thursday that 24 people had been killed but insisted they were caught in an exchange of mortar fire between Indian soldiers and Sri Lankan Tamil rebels.

There was confusion over the death toll - with Sri Lankan military officials and Tamil residents saying at least 32 were

# **Police stop Sikhs from** marching to New Delhi

(R) — Police stopped 2,000 re-bellious Sikhs from marching to New Delhi to press demands for political concessions in the strifetorn northern state of Punjab.

The Sikh leaders and their supporters assembled outside a temple in the Sikh pilgrimage town of Fatehgarh Sahib, 50 kilometres from the Punjab state capital Chandigarh, but police and magistrates said the march had been banned.

Sikh leaders want a political settlement in Punjab which has been ruled directly by New Delhi since last May when Prime Minister

avoid further violence against vo-

ters. Soldiers and machete-wield-

ing thugs killed 34 people and

wounded 75, many of whom were

standing in line at polling sta-

the council, saying it had over-

stepped its constitutional bounds.

The government said new elec-

tions would be held once mem-

bers to the second electoral board

approve the arbitrary and illegal

decree of Nov. 29, nor the mas-

sacre of Nov. 29 which served as a

prelude to the decree," said a

coalition of human rights groups

in rejecting the government's

plans to name Electoral Council.

Haiti's constitution requires the

original Electoral Council to be in

charge of the election process

until a new government is instal-

led on Feb. 7, the second

The human rights groups said

"We cannot be expected to

are named.

The government then dissolved

FATEHGARH SAHIB, India Rajiv Gandhi sacked a moderate Sikh government on the grounds it had failed to contain growing .violence.

They also want freedom for Sikhs detained on national security grounds and rehabilitation for dismissed Sikh soldiers who mutined after the 1984 Indian army assault on the Golden Temple in Amritsar, the Sikhs' holiest shrine.

Prakash Singh Badal, a former Puniab chief minister who was freed from detention two days ago, told reporters: "What other avenues are open to use if the peaceful march is bad?"

### Jan. 1, 1988. Haiti names committee to probe violence

(Agencies) — Threats of a general strike and revolution have not swayed the ruling junta from its plans to name a new Electoral Council and make a second try at national elections, a government source said.

The government, in a televised announcement Thursday night, named a six-member committee to investigate the violence that caused the cancellation of Haiti's first free elections in 30 years.

Claude, meanwhile, called for a general strike starting Friday to protest the junta's dissolution of the first Electoral Council. There were no immediate signs the call

The government source said the junta would pick new Electoral Council members if the Roman Catholic Church, the Protestant Federation, human rights groups and other civic organisations did

"Naming new representatives is not the intention of the government, but according to the constitution, if institutions don't respond it is up to the government to select the council," said the government source, who spoke on condition of anonymity.

The civilian groups failed to meet a government-set deadline of midnight Thursday (0500 GMT Friday) to name new representa-

The first Electoral Council the Cuban and American flags. stopped the Nov. 29 national tide, a popular Roman Catholic priest, on Thursday called for a 'real revolution" to oust the iunta.

"Elections are not possible with this criminal government. which wants rigged elections to put a Macoute in office," Rev. Aristide said

Rev. Aristide was referring to the Tontons Macoute, the Duvaliers' dreaded private militia.

Mr. Claude told reporters Thursday that the general strike was "to continue until the departure of the junta."

"If the junta does not resign, we ask for the intervention of a multinational observer force to supervise elections and guarantee security. I just want people not to be killed anymore," Mr. Claude said.

There were, however, no long lines at supermarkets or gas stations to indicate that people were hoarding supplies for a long The Association of Public Em-

ployees, which represents many of the country's 70,000 public employees, called for a general, open-ended strike to begin Monday.

The Reagan administration has not considered intervening in Haiti following the cancellation of the elections amid widespread violence, the White House said on Wednesday.

Spokesman Marlin Fitzwater said the United States was watching the situation closely.

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## Prisoner fails in pool ploy

LOS ANGELES (R) — A prisoner escaped from a Los Angeles courthouse, stripped down to his undershorts and jumped into a nearby hotel swimming pool. When police arrived, the prisoner, Dennis Westerlund, shouted from the pool: "He went that way, officer." "He might have got away with it — if he had escaped in the summertime." Police Lieutenant Joe Valento said on Wednesday. "He was the only one in the pool." Westerlund, accused of robbery, was ordered out of the pool and taken into

## 2 years work needed on the 'Last Supper'

MILAN, Italy (R) - Restorers of Leonardo Da Vinci's masterpiece "the last supper" said on Thursday that it would take at least two years to complete their work on the 15th century fresco. Pinin Baccillon Brambilla, in charge of the job which started last May, told journalists the restoration would be definitive and remove all additions made to the fresco by previous artists and restorers. Only 15 visitors at a time are allowed to enter the former monastic refectory in Milan's Santa Maria Delle Grazie Church where the masterpiece is housed. Brambilla said parts of the fresco had been irretrievably damaged because of dust. temperature changes and vibrations from traffic.

### Eyes secrete pencil-erasing substance

PEKING (R) — Chinese doctors are treating a 10-year-old girl whose eyes secrete a substance that will rub out pencil marks, the New China News Agency reported. The rubber-like substance appears to be a kind of polymer and leaves a grey granulated deposit on the girl's eyelids, it quoted doctors in west China's Xinjiang province as saying. Only two similar cases have been discovered in China. Both were 10-year-old girls, the agency said.

### Cashew nut to boost space programme

NEW DELHI (R) — Indian scientists think cashew nuts belong in orbit. Minister of State for Science and Technology K.R. Narayanan told parliament a heat-resistant resin, based on liquid extracted from cashew nut shells, can be used a heat shield for spacecraft. Narayanan said the resin was developed by the Regional Research Laboratory in the southern state of Kerala, India's largest cashew nut producer.

### Works by Le Corbusier get high prices

LONDON (AP) — Art works by the architect and city planner Le Corbusier, who died in 1966, sold for unexpectedly high prices at auction in London. Sotheby's said it sold 31 of 35 offered paintings, drawings, collages and sculpture for a total £1,597,310 (\$2.89) million, most going well above estimates. The seller was a foundation established by the artist's estate after his death in 1965. The top price, paid by a European private buyer, was £390,500 (\$710,700) for "the Guitar and the Model" (La Guitare Et Le Monagaria) of 1007. A Japanese dealer identified only as Et Le Mannequin) of 1927. A Japanese dealer identified only as Mono Art bought a painting for £110,000 (\$199,100) and a wood sculpture for £48,400 (\$87,600). Le Corbusier was born Charles-Edouard Jeanneret in Switzerland in 1887 and became a French citizen in 1930. Heidi Weber, his wife, wrote in the sale catalogue that her husband started painting in 1918 to 1919. From 1928 onward he used the signature "Le Corbusier," the name of one of his grandfathers. Most of the works sold were in a semi-cubist style, depicting people, animals and objects in a manner strongly influenced by the style of the French artist Fernand Leger.

### Einstein manuscript sells for \$1.1m

NEW YORK (R) — The earliest surviving version of Einstein's theory of relativity?" was sold at auction at Sotheby's for \$1,155,000, the highest price ever paid for a manuscript in America. The 72-page handwritten manuscript was written in 1912 and lists his famous E=MC squared equation with an extra algebraic constant that was crossed out. A Sotheby's spokeswoman said the manuscript, given by Einstein to friends, was bought by a private dealer for an anonymous client. It had been expected to fetch about \$700,000. The name of the seller was withheld by Sotheby's. Einstein published his most famous theory in 1915. In it, he postulated a constant velocity for light (C) and its consequence, the eqivalence of mass (M) and energy (E). In the version sold at Sotheby's, the equation E=MC squared is listed as EL=MC squared with the 'L," an extra algebraic constant, crossed out. The early version was written for a series of scientific articles being published by a German professor, but the series was never printed because of World War I. The version survived because Einstein had given it to friends as a gift. Usually he discarded his manuscripts once they were published. The world record price for a manuscript was the \$11.8 million paid in 1983 for the "Gospels of Henry the Lion," which was sold in London.

### Queen's nephew gets 2nd driving ban

BRENTFORD, England (AP) — Viscount Linley, a nephew of Queen Elizabeth II, has pleaded guilty to speeding at 110 miles an hour (176 kph) and got his second driving ban in two months. The 26-year-old custom furniture designer, who is the son of Princess Margaret, the queen's sister, was the first royal family member to be disqualified from driving. Linley, who is 10th in line to the throne, lost his licence for six months on Sept. 21 and was fined £100 (then \$165) for driving 98 mph (157 kph) on a highway outside London on June 10. Three days before that court appearance, he was stopped on a highway in Bedfordshire north of London for doing 100 mph (176 kph). The highway speed limit is 70 mph (112 kph). The Brentford magistrates court on Thursday disqualified him for five months for the second offence but made the bans concurrent, meaning Linley can get his licence back on May 4. He was also fined £300 (\$546) and ordered to pay £15 (\$27) in prosecution costs. His attorney, Michael Sullivan, had argued against a second ban, saying the first "has had the intended effect." "Viscount Linley very much regrets the commission of the offence. He wishes to apologise to the court and the police for the inconvenience that has been caused," the attorney said. Sullivan also defended Princess Anne's husband, Mark Phillips when he escaped a ban for driving at more than 100 miles an hour (160 kph).

### Court asked whether ex-queen can enter Italy

ROME (AP) — The Italian government has asked for a court opinion on whether the widow of the last king of Italy can return to the country after a 41-year exile imposed by the constitution, officials have said. Ex-Queen Maria Jose, who lives in Switzerland, has written several letters asking to visit the country. Premier Giovanni Goria's office in turn asked the Council of State, an administrative court, for an opinion. Italian news agencies said the court will take up the case on Dec. 10. The opinion is not binding, and the government has not said what it would do should the court say the ex-queen can return for a visit. The constitution says "former kings of the House of Savoy, their wives and their male descendants may not enter or remain in Italian territory." Some constitutional experts say the clause is no longer valid since her husband, Umberto II, died four years ago. Umberto reigned for 26 days before being forced into exile in 1946 after a referendum abolished the monarchy. He died in Geneva, Switzerland, of bone cancer at the age of 78.

### you Lola. 978 \$'A109 \AQ9852 472 The bidding has proceeded: North East South West 2 · Pass 1 T 3 C What action do you take?

A.--if you could be sure that you and a second heart stopper or that one of your suits would run, you might venture three no trump. tiere, however, you cannot be cercam your side has a game, so take the sure profit by punishing the oppurcuity Double.

Q.S-Neither vulnerable, as South 1. HQ1063 **∂J982 ₽KQ**? The bidding has proceeded: Forth East South

"hat on you bid now? a.--or nously, the choice lies between an immediate cue-bid or some spade bid. We prefer an im-Herlinto jump to two spades. The trouble with a cue-bid now is you might not have enough room later convince partner of the quality

returns home from Brazil The kidnapping ended when Col. Carreno's captors put him in a taxi and asked the driver to take him to the offices of the Estado De Sao Paulo newspaper in

Brazil. President Augusto Pinochet on Thursday renewed the Chilean government's emergency powers, giving him the right to restrict freedom of movement, assembly and information for another 90 days. The powers have been in force virtually without interruption since the military seized pow-

## GOREN BRIDGE

mally as the Strategic Defence post a grave threat to U.S.

Kidnapped Chilean colonel

Initiative (SDI). Among the national security.

BY CHARLES GOREN

ANSWERS TO WEEKLY BRIDGE QUIZ

of your spades. You can always Q.1-As South, vulnerable, you cue-bid hearts later. ♦AQJ63 ♥K1052 ♦9 \$874 Q.4-As South, vulnerable, you The morning has proceeded: North East South West

♥AJ7 082 \$AKJ1063 The bidding has proceeded:

East South West North

I ♥ 2 ♠ Pass 3 ♠

Pass ? What action do you take? A .- There is a strong temptation to bid three no trump. However,

even if that is the right final contract, it is by no means sure that you should declare it. We would much prefer a bid of three hearts, advising partner of our intentions and allowing him to convert to three no trump if he has both unbid suits stopped.

Q.5-Neither vulnerable, as South vou hold: 4AKQ52 7KJ6 0A83 462 The bidding has proceeded: South West North East Pass 3 + Pass

What do you bid now? A .- The reply depends on your methods. If you play limit raises, your hand is worth four spades and no more. If you play forcing jump raises, you could be in slam territory, and the way to investigate is with a cue-bid of four

Q.6-As South, vuinerable, you **±AQJ954** ♥9 ○K103 **±**AQ8 The bidding has proceeded: West North East Pass 2 🛨 Pass

What do you bid now? A .- You have to decide whether to support partner's suit or to stress

the quality of your hand and your spades. We would jump to three One of the inmates sitting at spades, which conveys to partner the table had wrapped himself in both ports of this latter message.

elections just three hours after balloting had begun, in order to PORT-AU-PRINCE, Haiti

Presidential candidate Sylvio

attracted great support.

not do so themselves.

anniversary of Dictator Jean-Claude "Baby Doc" Duvalier's flight to exile in France. Duvalier and his father, Francois "Papa Doc" Duvalier, ruled

the nation for 29 years.

Louis Roy, one of the key drafters of the constitution approved overwhelmingly in a referendum this year, said the government misinterpreted constitutional guarantees of an in-dependent Electoral Council.

The Rev. Jean Bertrand Aris-